





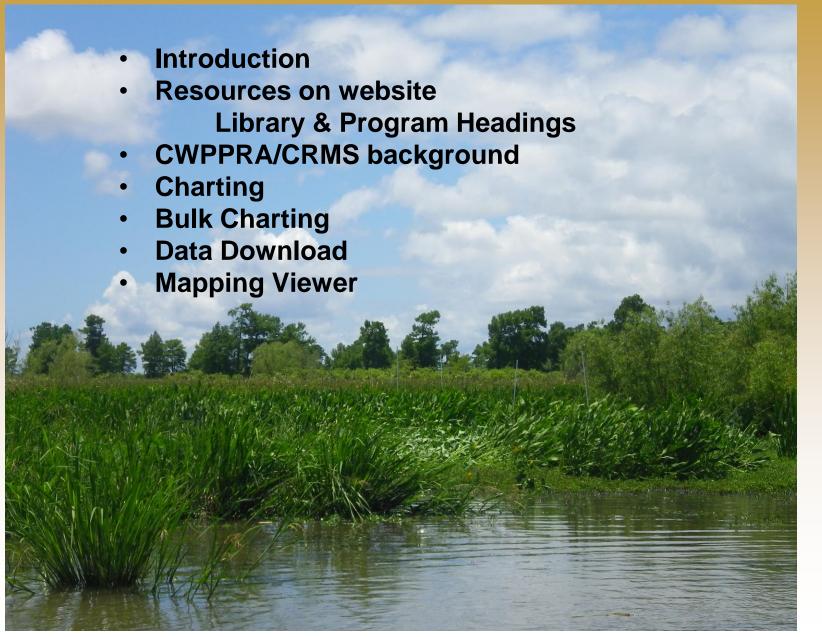
CRMS Website Training



May 2016

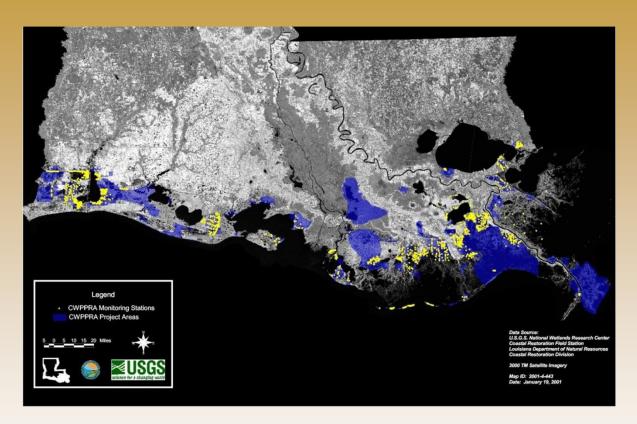
http://www.lacoast.gov/crms 703.648.4848 69619006#







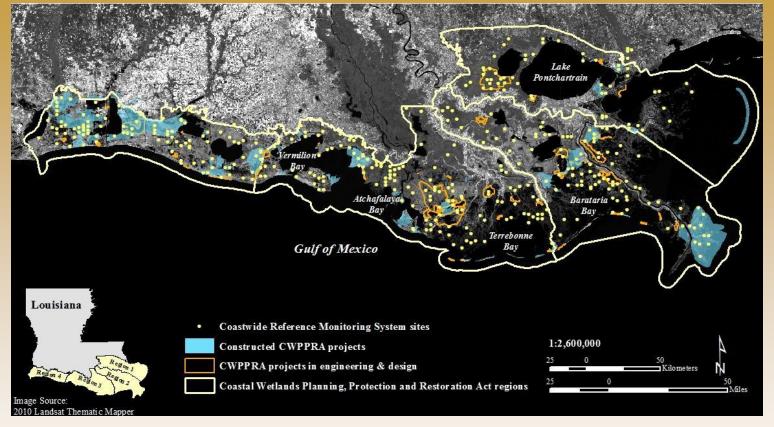
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **CWPPRA Restoration Program**



Restoration project types: diversions of freshwater and sediments, marsh creation, shoreline protection, sediment and nutrient trapping, hydrologic restoration, and vegetation planting

- CWPPRA was congressionally funded in 1990 and mandated 20 years of restoration project monitoring
- CWPPRA program uses multiple restoration techniques
 - size and types of projects vary
- Initially the program used paired project and reference sites
 - with time, difficult to find "uninfluenced" reference
- Inconsistent monitoring variables and collection frequencies across projects with short data records

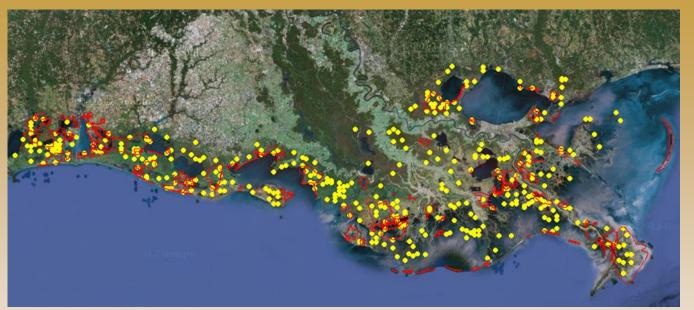


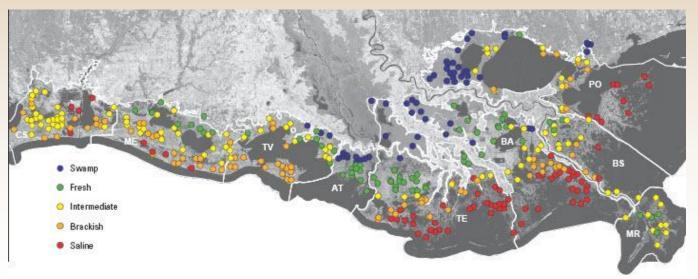


- To improve our ability to determine the effectiveness of individual coastal restoration projects.
- Provide information to evaluate coastal wetlands at the project, basin, and coastwide scales.
- To determine the ecological condition of coastal wetlands to ensure that the strategic coastal planning for Louisiana (Coast 2050, LCA, Louisiana Master Plan) is effective in recreating a sustainable coastal ecosystem.



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*CRMS Design and Assessment

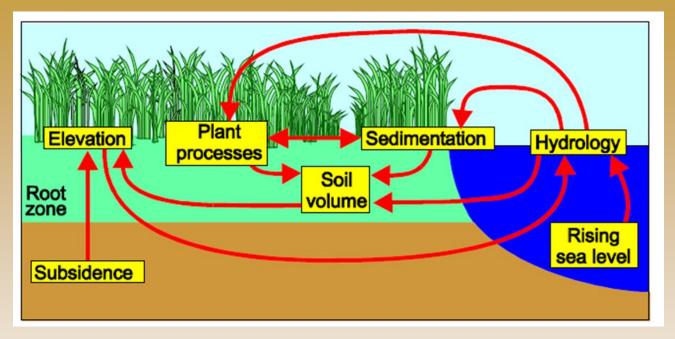




- Funded by CWPPRA in 2003 & State of LA
- CPRA/USGS Sponsors
- ~ 390 CRMS sites
- Long-term dataset (2006-2019)
- Sites inside & outside of CWPPRA projects
- Sites in swamp, fresh, intermediate, brackish, and salt marsh
- Barrier islands monitored through BICM, not CRMS
- Allows for multi-scale assessments through CRMS report cards
- Data used for future scenario modeling



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*CRMS Design and Assessment



Questions to address through CRMS:

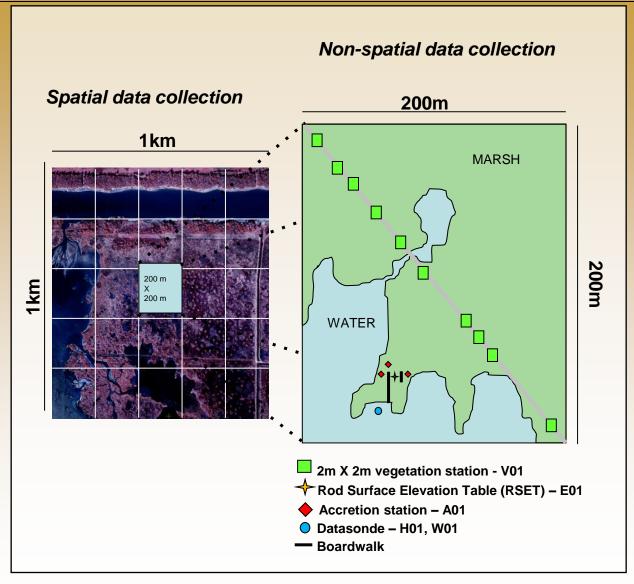
Did the restoration program:

- reduce coastal wetland loss?
- sustain a diversity of vegetation types within basins?

Is the restoration program effective in reducing major stressors on wetlands (i.e., flooding regime, salinity, elevation change)?



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Design





Typical Marsh Site



Typical Swamp Site



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Station Naming Conventions**

CRMS DATA COLLECTION INFORMATION AND SCHEDULE

CRMS website: http://lacoast.gov/crms

Standard operating procedures: CRMS website-Program/Administration/Support Docs/Folse et al. 2014.

Download "raw" data from Coastal Information Management System (CIMS): CRMS website-Data/Tabular/CIMS Data Tool (http://cims.coastal.louisiana.gov/)

Hydrographic: Station number (H01): Continuous hourly salinity, temperature, and water level data are collected. At most sites the data sonde is in an open water body or bayou.

- Station number (W01): Continuous hourly salinity, temperature, and water level but the data sonde is in a well in the marsh instead of an open water body.
- Station number (M01): Marsh mat stations are established in floating marshes where the marsh mat rises and falls with water level.

CRMS sites with *realtime* hydro gages: CRMS0061, 0282, 0411, 0465, 0568, 0609, 0615, 0651, 2418, 5373 -- http://waterdata.usgs.gov/la/nwis/current/?type=flow

Soil Porewater Salinity: Station number (P01, P02, P03): Discrete collections near the CRMS boardwalks: 1) intermittently throughout the year during hydro data sonde servicing and 2) twice annually during spring and fall RSET/accretion sampling. Collected at each vegetation station (10 herbaceous vegetation stations per CRMS site) during vegetation sampling in the late summer/early fall.

Herbaceous Vegetation: Station number (V01, V02, etc.): Species composition, percent cover, and dominant height once annually (late summer/early fall) at 10 stations per CRMS site. Plots are 2X2m.

Vertical Accretion (Station number (A01, A02, etc.)) & Surface Elevation (Station number E01 or E02): Collected twice annually (spring and fall) using cryo-coring and rod-surface elevation tables.

Swamp Forest:

- Overstory Station number (F01, F02, etc.) (at least every 3 years): species composition and diameter at breast height (DBH) for woody shrubs and trees > 5 cm DBH in late summer/early fall. Canopy cover with a densiometer annually during herbaceous vegetation sampling. Plots are 20X20m.
- Understory Station number (F01UNW, UC, USE, etc.) (every 3 years): species composition, height, DBH, stem density of woody shrubs and trees < 5 cm DBH (late summer/ early fall). Plots are 6X6m.
- 3) Swamp Herbaceous Vegetation Station number (F01VNW, VC, VSE, etc.) (annually in the late summer/early fall): same as for herbaceous vegetation as described above but at 9 stations per swamp CRMS site. Plots are 2X2m.

Soil Properties: Station number (S01, S02, etc): Collected upon site establishment and every 10 years in marshes and 6 years in swamps.

• pH, salinity, bulk density, soil moisture, percent organic matter, wet/dry volume

Cheat Sheet:
Provided via
email (5/16/16)
and available in
the FAQ's on
home page





1km² scale:

High resolution aerial photography based land:water analyses to investigate land change through time.

















Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Data Collection

Data Type	Parameter	Method	Scale	Frequency
Land change	Land:Water Ratio	Satellite Imagery	Hydrologic Basin	3 years
	Land:Water Ratio	Digital Aerial Photography	CRMS Site (1 km²)	3 years
Vegetation	Emergent Vegetation	Braun Blanquet: % Cover, Species Richness, Height of Dominant Species	(10) 2m x 2m plots per marsh site or (9) plots per swamp sites	Annually during peak biomass
	Forested Vegetation	DBH, Canopy Cover, Understory veg	(3) 20m x 20m Forested plots & (9) 6m X6m Understory plots per site	3 yrs during peak biomass
Soils	Soil Characteristics	Core samples profiled into 4 cm increments to 24 cm. Bulk Density, OM%, Soil Salinity, pH, and Moisture.	3 cores, 18 archived samples per site	6 to 10 years
	Vertical Accretion	Feldspar Plots/Cryogenic Cores	3 plots per site	Twice per year
	Marsh Elevation Change	Rod Surface Elevation Table (RSET)	4 directions per site	Twice per year
Hydrology	Soil Porewater	10 and 30 cm syringe sippers	3 samples per depth per site and at vegetation plots	Variable and annually
	Surface Water Salinity, Temp and Water Level	Submersible Data Logger	in available water within 200m of CRMS site or in a well	Hourly



A STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES MANUAL FOR THE COAST-WIDE REFERENCE MONITORING SYSTEM-WETLANDS:

Methods for Site Establishment, Data Collection, and Quality Assurance/Quality Control

Todd M. Folse, Jonathan L. West, Melissa K. Hymel, John P. Troutman, Leigh A. Sharp, Dona Weifenbach, Tommy E. McGinnis, Laurie B. Rodrigue, William M. Boshart, Danielle, C. Richardi, C. Mike Miller, and. W. Bernard Wood

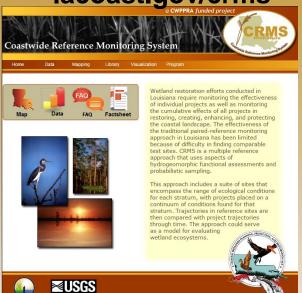
The Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority

- QA/QC procedure for each data type
- Field procedures
- Data entry
- Initial data review
- Automated review during submission into database buffer
- CPRA regional office review
- Final approval and acceptance into CIMS database



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Database

lacoast.gov/crms





[Log In]

Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority

Data Download

ration realistic

DOWNLOAD DATA - HYDROGRAPHIC MONTHLY	
Hydrographic data are now available in two general formats: data collected monthly and data collected hourly. Parameters sampled generally in water temperature, specific conductance, and salinity. In some rare instances water velocity and wind speed/wind direction are sampled at static	
Monthly hydrographic data can be downloaded either by project, CRMS (Coastwide Reference Monitoring System) site, or station number. The small, as there are only approximately 12 records per station per year. In general, there is a much larger spatial distribution of stations where m than where hourly data are collected. Note: for CRMS stations, these monthly data comprise Soil Porewater data.	
This screen defines a request for Monthly data. The data that matches this request will be returned real-time in a grid view and will provide an comma delimited file with user provide file name, please see disclaimer below.	option to download a
Enter Selection Criteria:	
● Filter by Projects	
For a detailed explanation of all data types and collection frequencies, please review the <u>Data Descriptions</u> document.	
(Select either a Project Name or a CRMS Site to get a list of filtered Stations.)	
Project: < select Project Name >	•
Stations: ALL Stations Associated With Selected Project	▼
From Date (mm/dd/yyyy):	
To Date (mm/dd/yyyy):	

cims.coastal.louisiana.gov





Library

[Log

Monitoring Data

Hydrographic Data

Hydrographic data are now available in two general formats: data collected monthly and data collected hourly. Parameters sampled generally include: water level, water temperature, specific conductance, and salinity. In some rare instances water velocity and wind speed/wind direction are sampled at stations where hourly data are collected.

Hydrographic Monthly Data

Data Download

Retrieve Monthly Data

Monthly hydrographic data can be downloaded either by project, CRMS (Coastwide Reference Monitoring System) site, or station number. These files are relatively small, as there are only approximately 12 records per station per year. In general, there is a much larger spatial distribution of stations where monthly data are collected. Note: for CRMS stations, these monthly data comprise Soil Porewater data.

Hydrographic Hourly Data

Retrieve Hourly Data

Hourly hydrographic data may also be downloaded either by project, CRMS (Coastwide Reference Monitoring System) site, or station number; however these files are much larger than the monthly files. For example, since one year of hourly sampling will yield approximately 8,760 records, a file for a project collecting data at 3 stations for a period of 5 years will contain approximately 131,400 records. Many typical spreadsheet programs will not be able to completely open a file of this size. For this reason, we recommend that hourly data be downloaded by station and not by project.

Data are not necessarily available for download from all stations. However, if you would like to request data that are not currently available from the database, an alternate request option is available (see Other Data, below).

Accretion Data

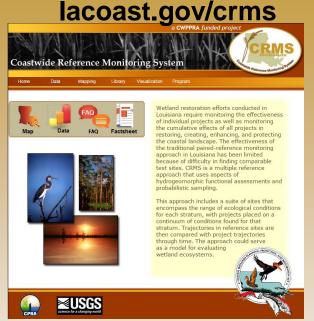
Retrieve Accretion Data

Accretion data can be downloaded either by project, CRMS (Coastwide Reference Monitoring System) site, or station number. These data are collected from specific locations within herbaceous marsh vegetation areas and forested swamp/bottomland hardwood vegetation areas, and are collected at 6 months and 12 months after monitoring station establishment. Accretion measurements show rates of soil accretion or soil erosion at a location.

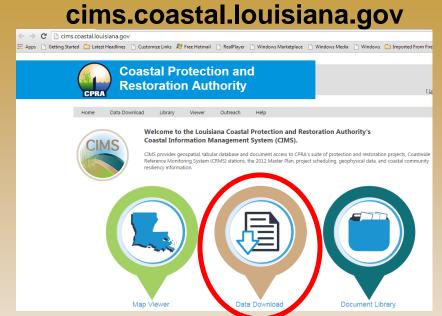


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*

Database



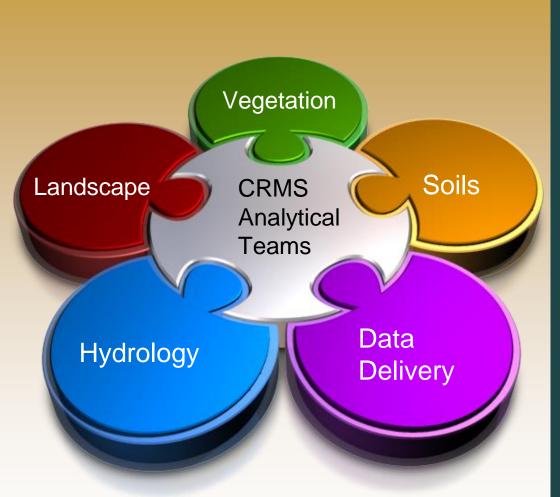




CRMS Data Records:

Continuous Hydro – 52.5 million Marsh Veg - 320K Surface Elevation - 197K Discrete Hydro - 150K Forested Veg - 50K Accretion - 30K Soils - 7K



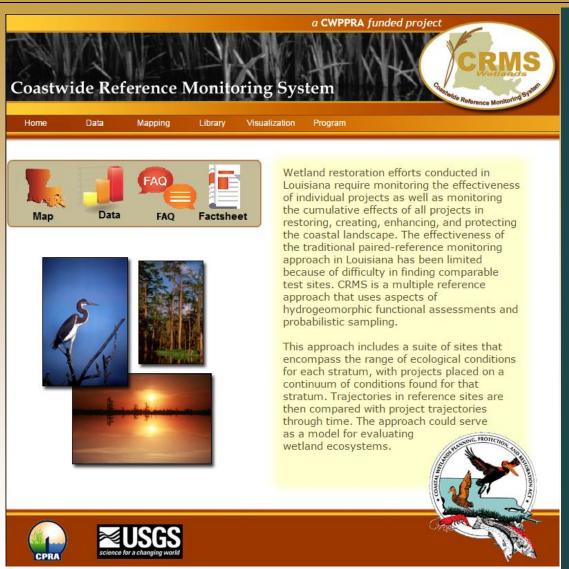


- Federal and State
 Scientists
- Academics
- WARC's Advanced Applications Team
- Oversight by CWPPRA Monitoring Work Group

www.lacoast.gov/crms



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – Wetlands Analytical Teams



- Web mapping viewer
- Summarize and visualize data at multiple scales
- On-the-fly user defined graphics and tools
- Simple queries and data downloads
- Develop multi-metric ecological indices
- Develop report card
- Continually evolving
- Google Chrome

www.lacoast.gov/crms



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System - Wetlands Overview of Report Card Indices

Vegetation:

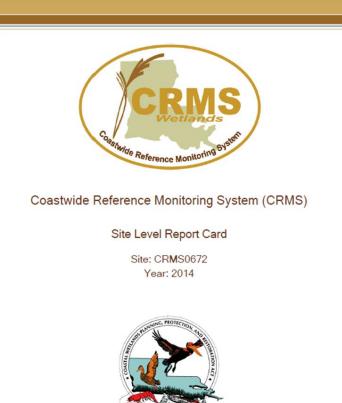
Floristic Quality Index (FQI)
used to determine wetland
quality based on plant species
composition.

Hydrology:

 Hydrologic Index (HI) assesses the suitability of average salinity and percent time flooded in maximizing vegetation primary productivity.

Soils:

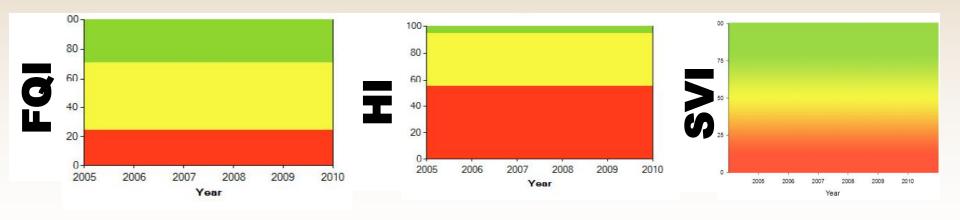
 Submergence Vulnerability Index (SVI) assesses the vulnerability of a site to submergence based on it's elevation relative to ESLR.





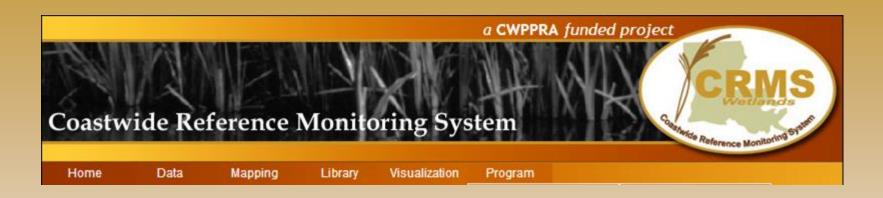
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System - Wetlands Overview of Report Card Indices

- Developed using CRMS dataset
 - · 2006-2009
- Good (>75%), fair (25-50%), poor (<25%)
- Category thresholds vary by index
- SVI is a continuous scale without defined thresholds





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Website Navigation

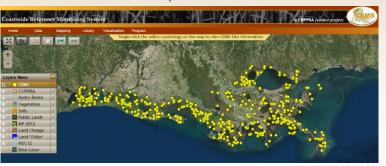


- Main menu with a series of submenus
- Largely self explanatory
- Will focus on most used features



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Navigation







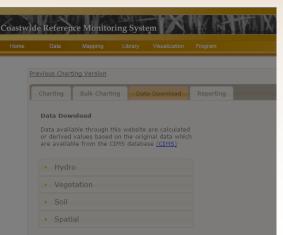




Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Navigation



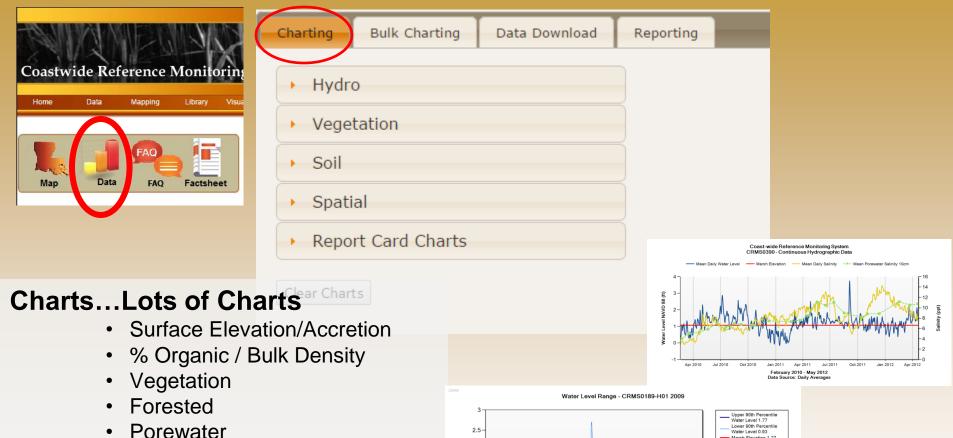




Data

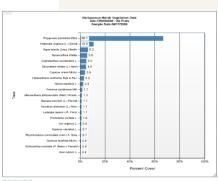












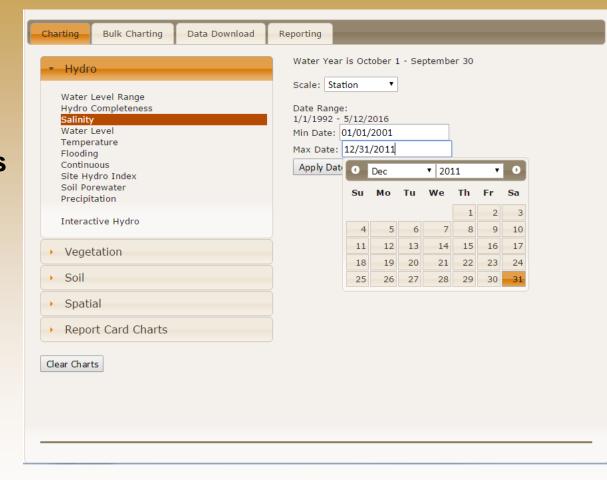


- 1. Pick a Data Category
 Hydro
- 2. Pick a Parameter Salinity



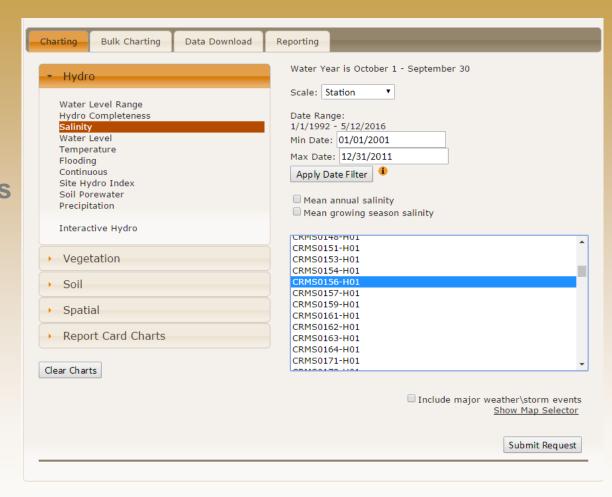


- 1. Pick a Data Category Hydro
- 2. Pick a Parameter Salinity
- 3. Pick a Scale Station
- 4. Enter Start / End Dates
 1/1/2001
 12/31/2011
 Apply Date Filter



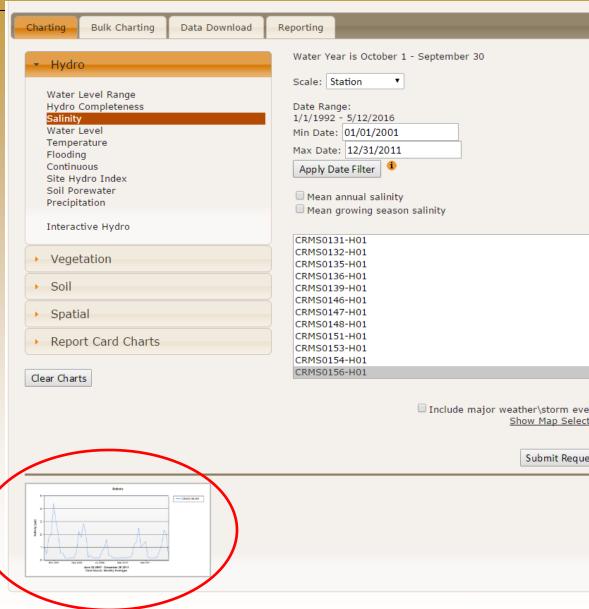


- 1. Pick a Data Category
 Hydro
- 2. Pick a Parameter Salinity
- 3. Pick a Scale Station
- 4. Enter Start / End Dates
 1/1/2001
 12/31/2011
 Apply Date Filter
- 5. Pick Station
 Submit Request



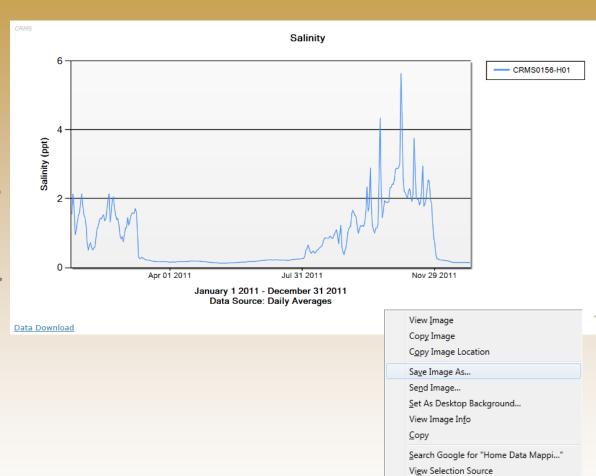


- 1. Pick a Data Category
 Hydro
- 2. Pick a Parameter Salinity
- 3. Pick a Scale Station
- 4. Enter Start / End Dates
 1/1/2001
 12/31/2011
 Apply Date Filter
- 5. Pick Station
 Submit Request





- 1. Pick a Data Category
 - 1. Hydro
- 2. Pick a Parameter
 - 1. Salinity
- 3. Pick a Scale
 - 1. Site
- 4. Enter Start / End Dates
 - 1. 1/1/2001
 - 2. 12/31/2011
 - 3. Apply Date Filter
- 5. Pick Site
- 6. View Chart
- 7. Save Chart Image



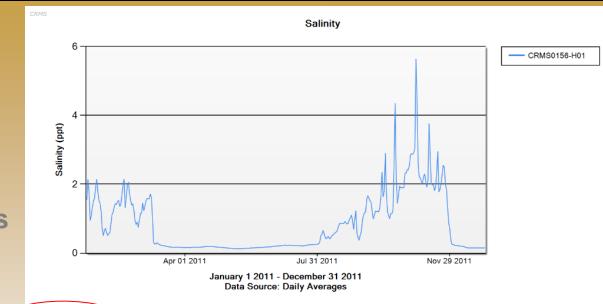
Convert Selection to Adobe PDF
Append Selection to Existing PDF

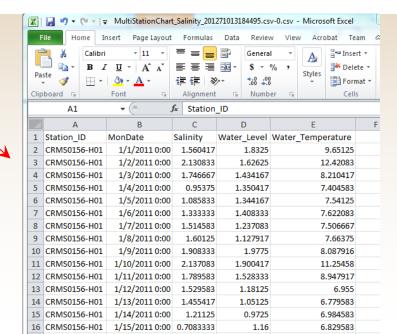
Inspect Element with Firebug
Adblock Plus: Block image...



- 1. Pick a Data Category
 Hydro
- 2. Pick a Parameter Salinity
- 3. Pick a Scale Station
- 4. Enter Start / End Dates
 1/1/2001
 12/31/2011
 Apply Date Filter
- 5. Pick Station
- 6. Save Chart Image
- 7. View Chart
- 8. Download Data (optional)

Data Download



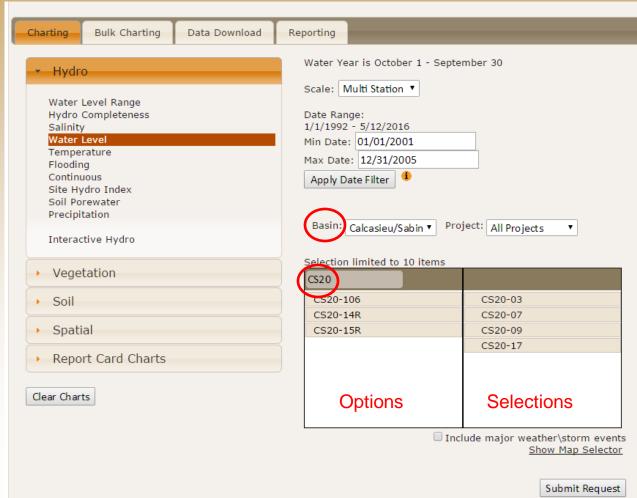




Multi-Station Charting- Plots data from multiple stations on the same chart

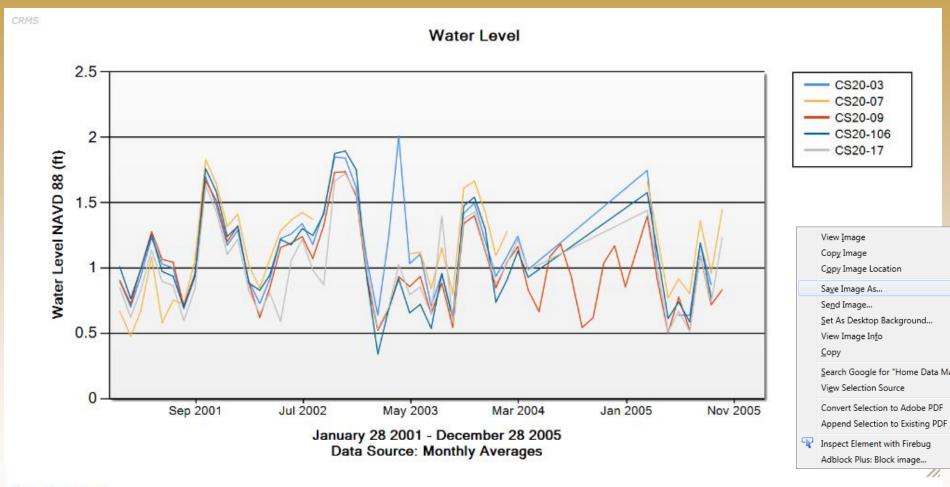
Pick a Data Category
Hydro
Pick a Parameter
Water Level
Pick a Scale
Multi Station

Enter Start / End Dates
1/1/2001
12/31/2011
Apply Date Filter
Pick Stations





Multi-Station Water Level Chart

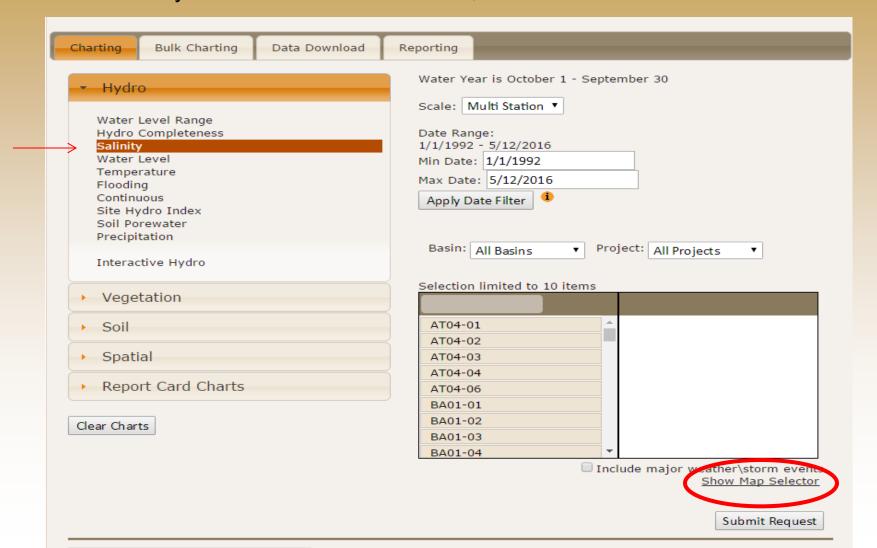


Data Download

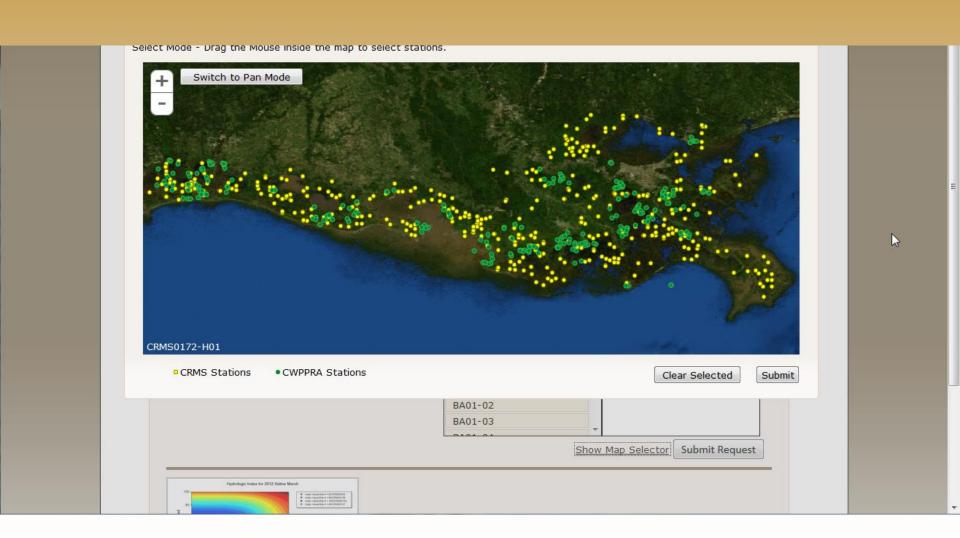


"Map Selector" allows chart stations to be picked in a mapping interface.

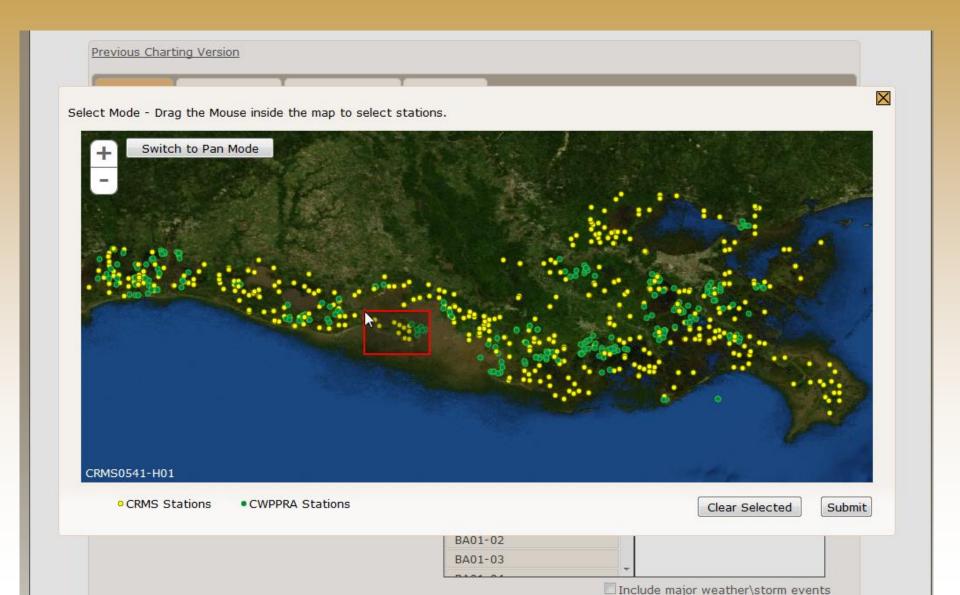
Great if you have an area of interest, but don't know the station IDs.



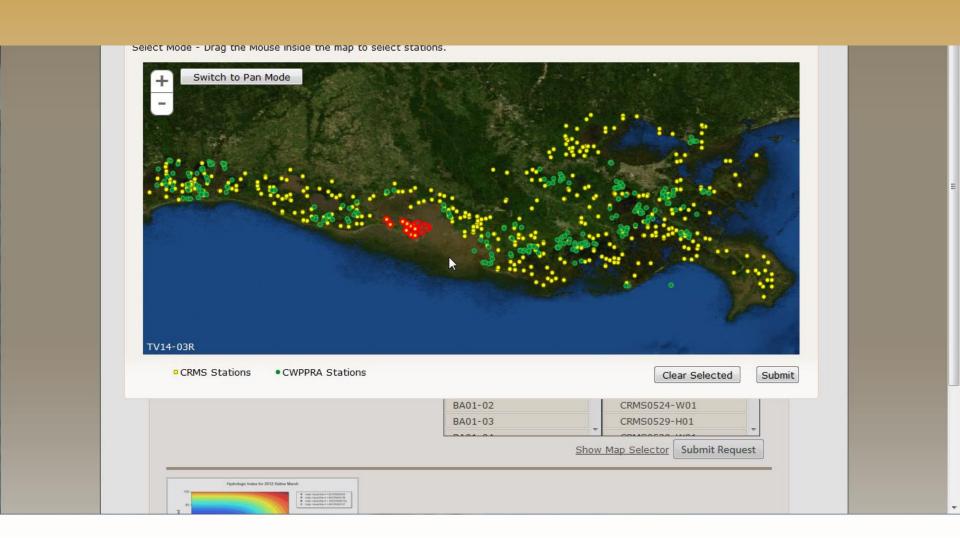












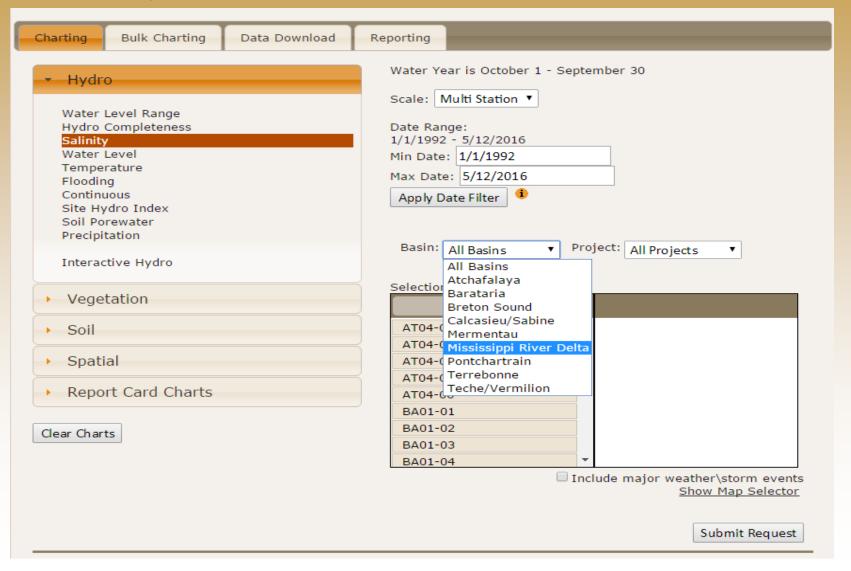


The sites/stations that were selected on the map appear in the right side of the selection box.

Charting Bulk	Charting	Data Download	Reporting	
▼ Hydro			Water Year is October 1 - September 30	
Water Level Range Hydro Completeness Salinity Water Level Temperature Flooding Continuous Site Hydro Index Soil Porewater Precipitation		Scale: Multi Station ▼ Date Range: 1/1/1992 - 5/12/2016 Min Date: 1/1/1992 Max Date: 5/12/2016 Apply Date Filter Basin: All Basins ▼ Project: All Projects ▼		
Interactive H ✓ Vegetation			Selection limited to 10 items	
→ Soil	▶ Soil		AT04-01	CRMS0498-H01
→ Spatial			AT04-02 AT04-03	CRMS0499-H01 CRMS0504-H01
▶ Report Card Charts		AT04-04 AT04-06	CRMS0520-H01 CRMS0522-W01	
Clear Charts		BA01-01 CRMS0523-H01 BA01-02 CRMS0524-W01 BA01-03 CRMS0529-H01 BA01-04 CRMS0530-W01		
			□ Incl	lude major weather\storm events Show Map Selector Submit Request

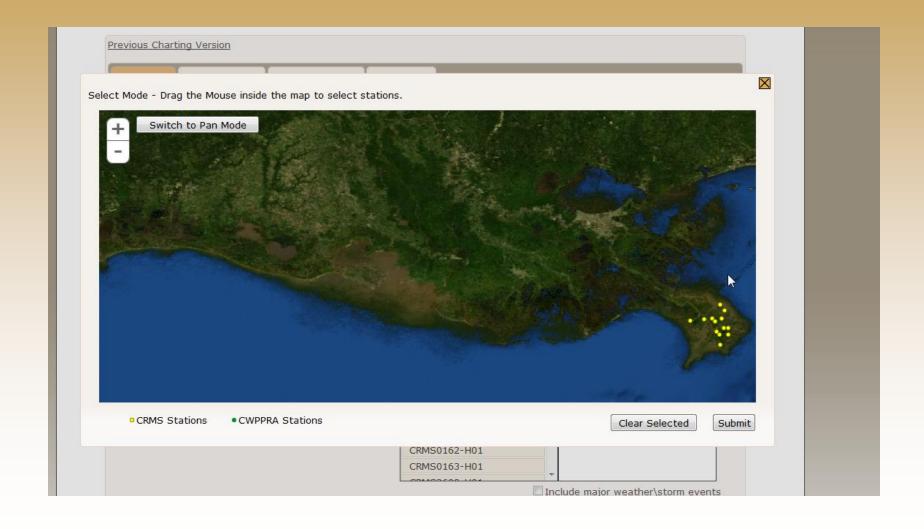


Filter the list by a Basin!!





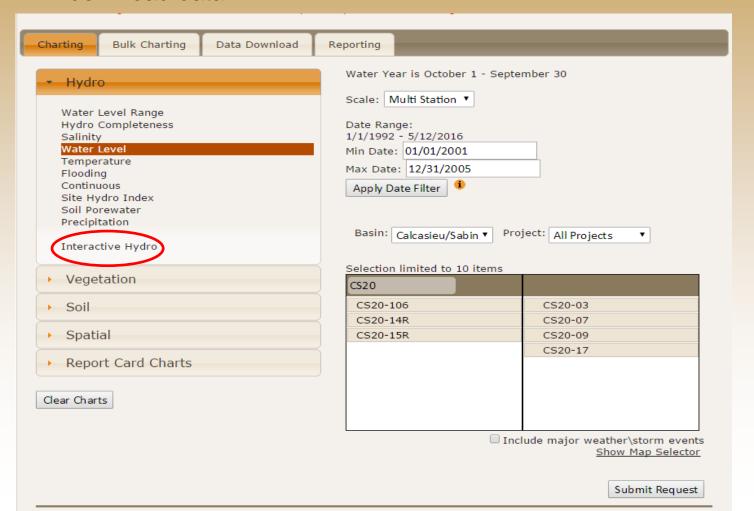
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Pairing the Charting Interface with the Map Selector**





Interactive Hydro Chart

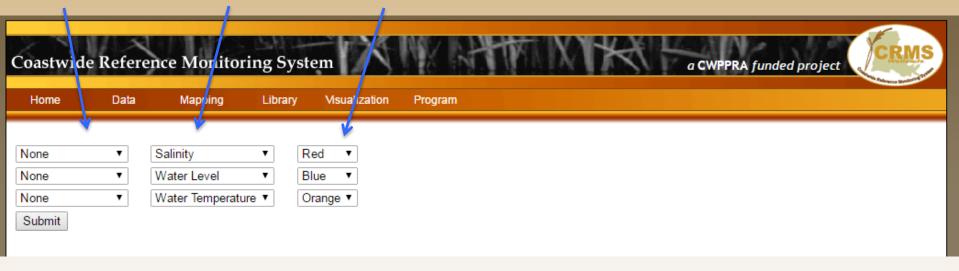
Great for hydro data exploration without having to download data.





Great for data discovery, fast manipulation, and comparison of sites without having to generate charts.

Stations Parameters Colors





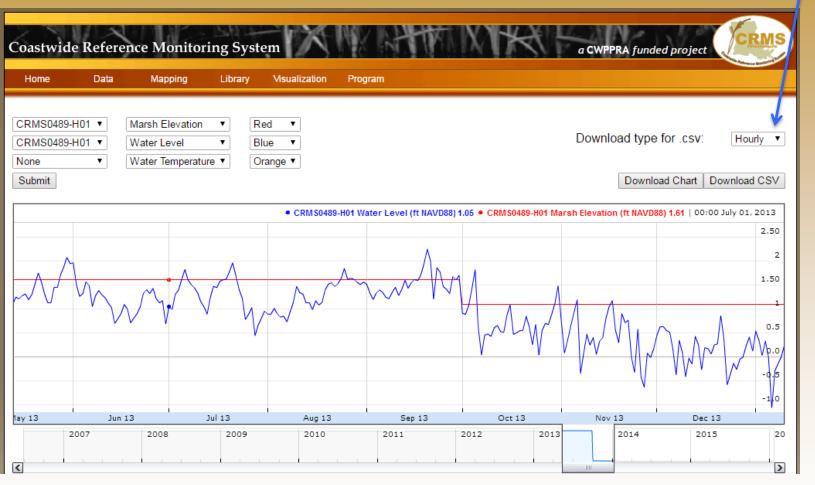
Same site with multiple parameters





Same site with multiple parameters

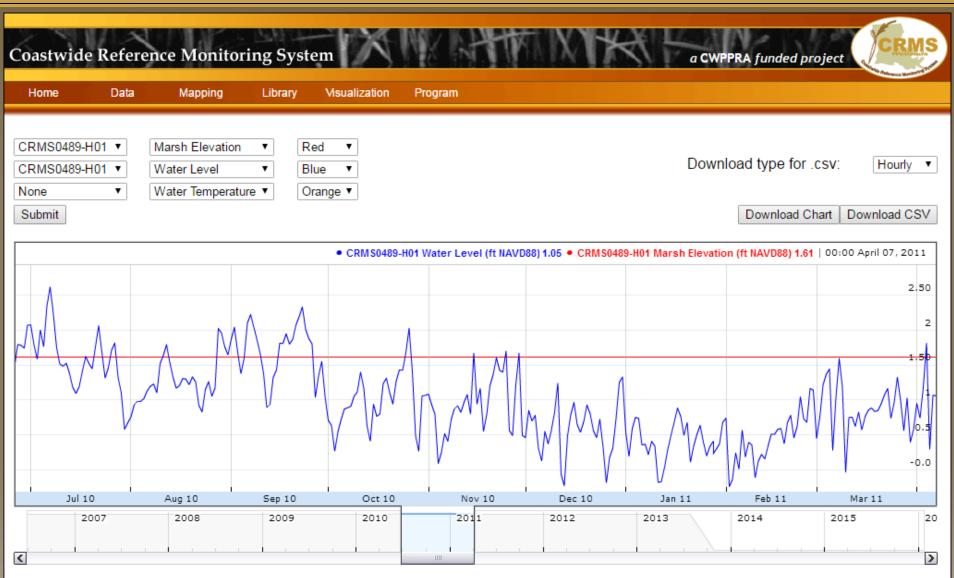
Frequency Type



Data availability time extent:

- Window can slide along time line
- Changing window size controls temporal accuracy of chart

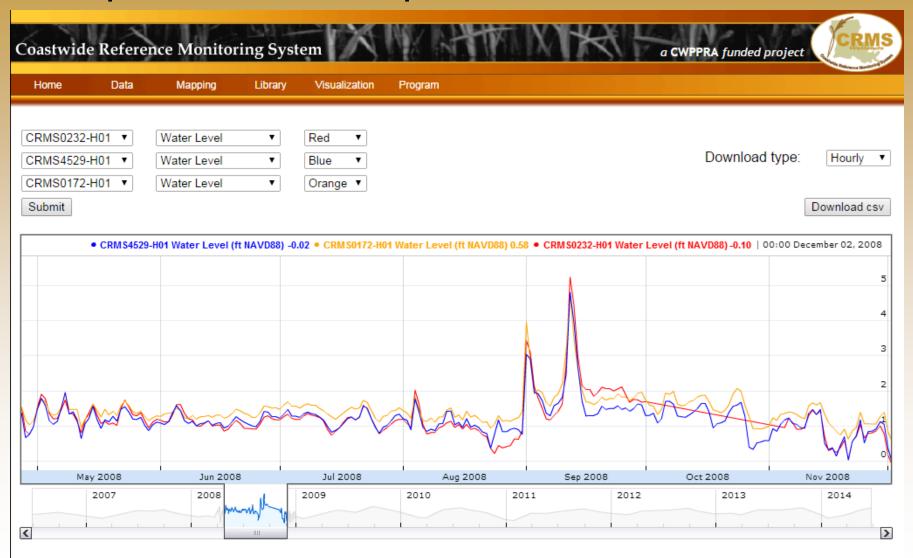




NOTE: Water elevations prior to Oct. 1, 2013 are GEOID99 and GEOID12a thereafter



Multiple sites with the same parameter





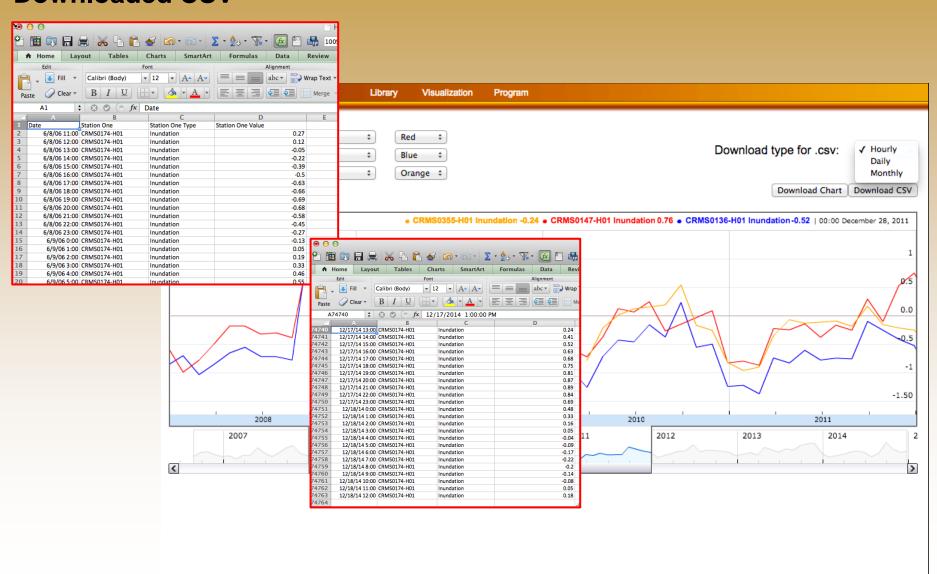
Downloading

- Set time frequency of data (i.e., hourly, daily, monthly)
- Data in CSV format





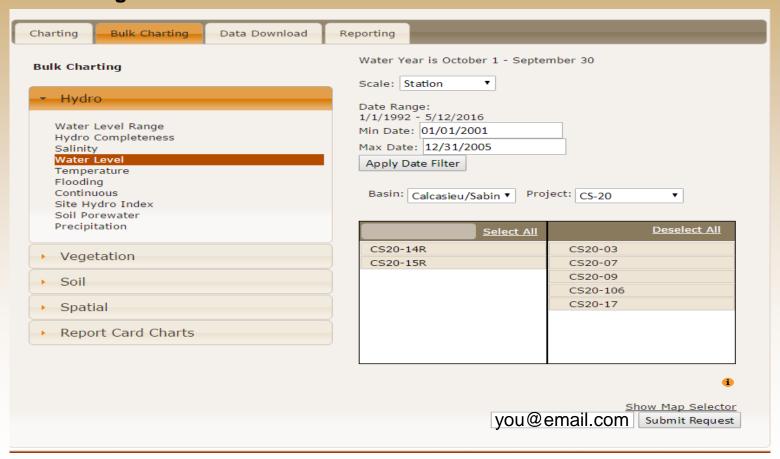
Downloaded CSV





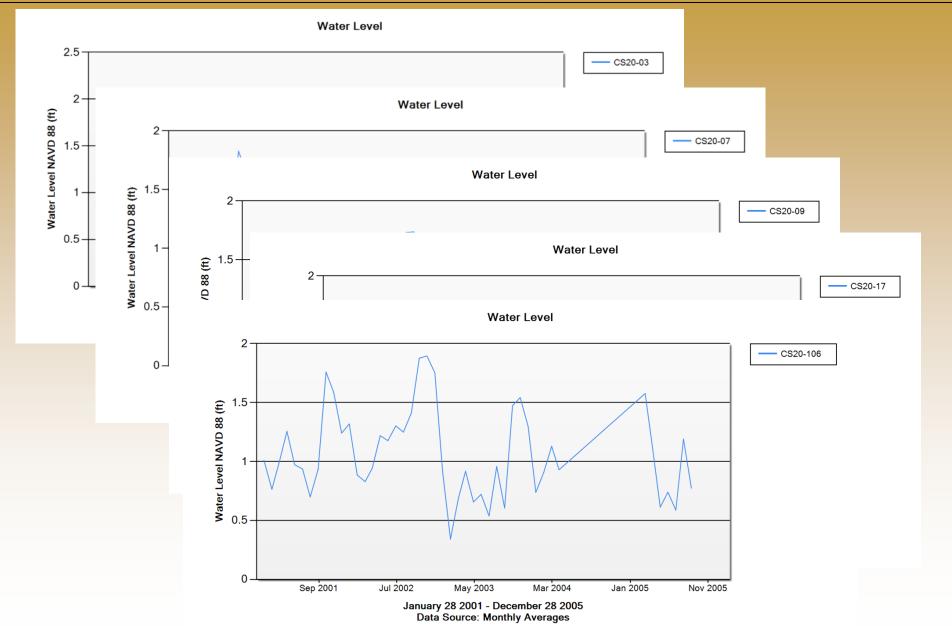
Bulk Charting: creates multiple charts with the same parameter input

Great for creating figures for reports that all need to be uniformly designed.



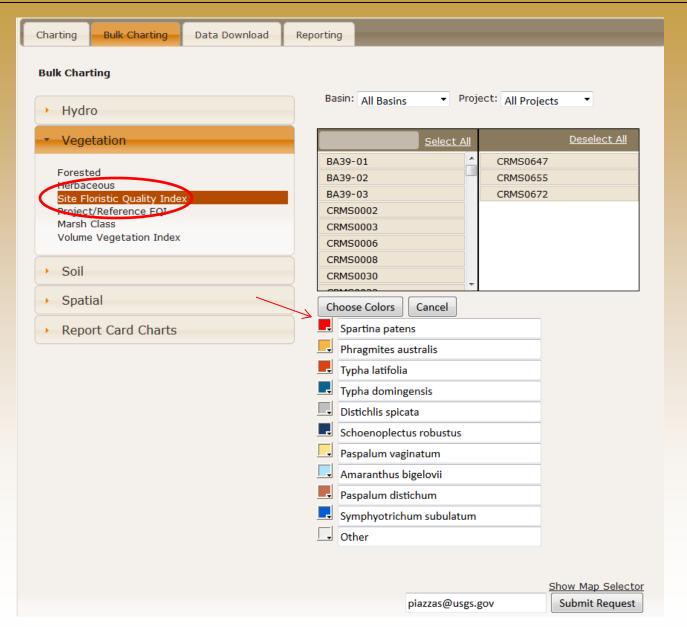


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Bulk Charting**





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Bulk Charting**



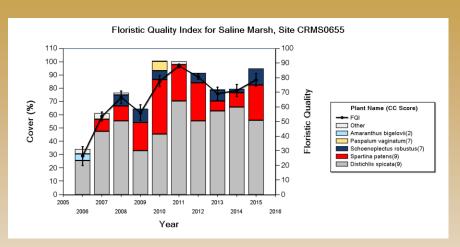
Site Floristic Quality Index:

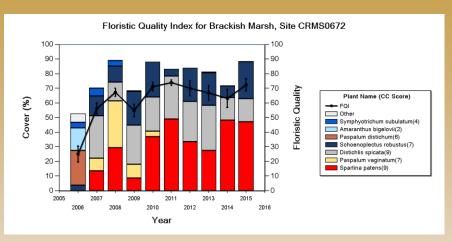
User can define color ramp for species of interest in all charts generated by one request.

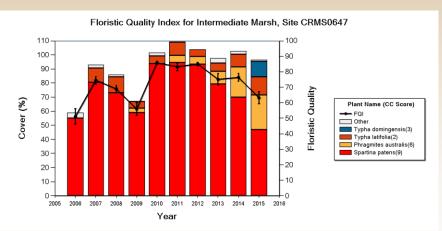
Great for looking at species presence/absence or tracking invasive species



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Bulk Charting**







Ex: All Spartina patens are red as defined by user.



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Navigation





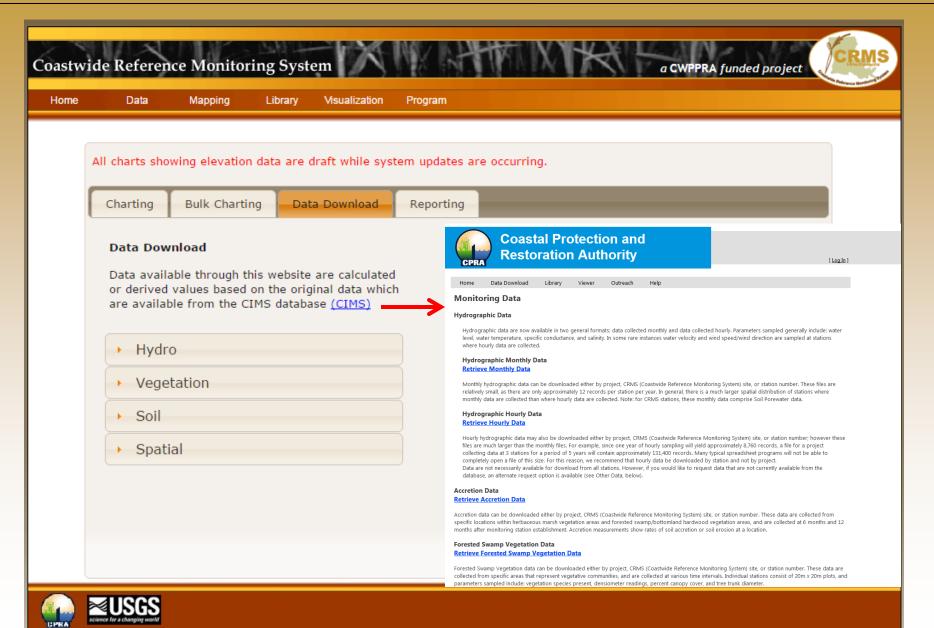


Charting

Coastwi	de Referen	ce Monito	ring Syst	em		Ť
	Previous Chart	ing Version				
		Bulk Chart		a Download	Reporting	
	→ Hydr					
	▶ Vege					
	▶ Repo					
	Clear Char	ts				



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Bulk Data Download**

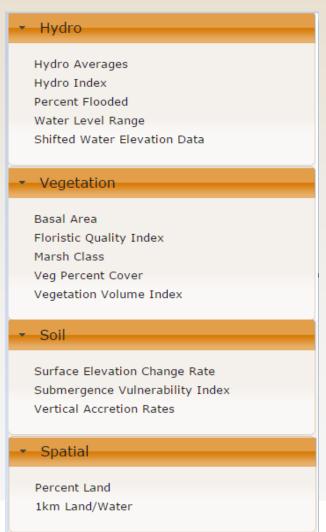




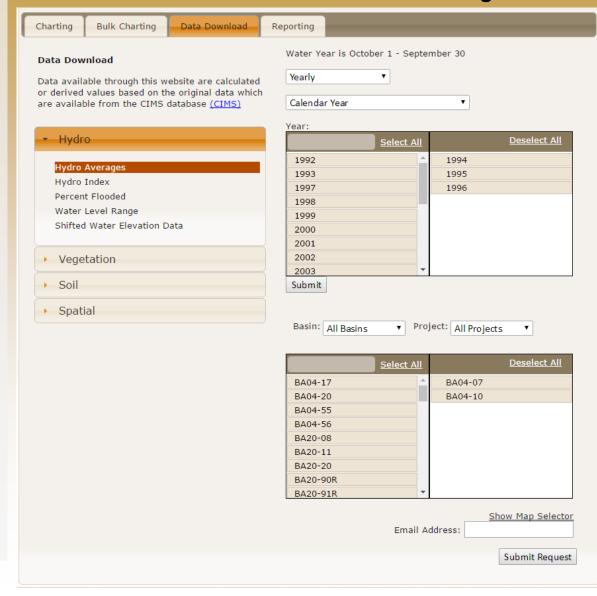
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – Wetlands Bulk Data Download

CRMS bulk data download All values for selected years, for selected stations

(queue processes first come first serve)



Same interface for data selection as charting





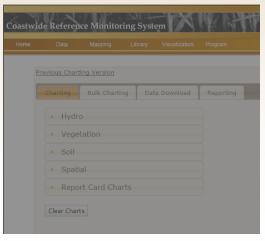
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Navigation/Reporting



Data/Reporting Charting

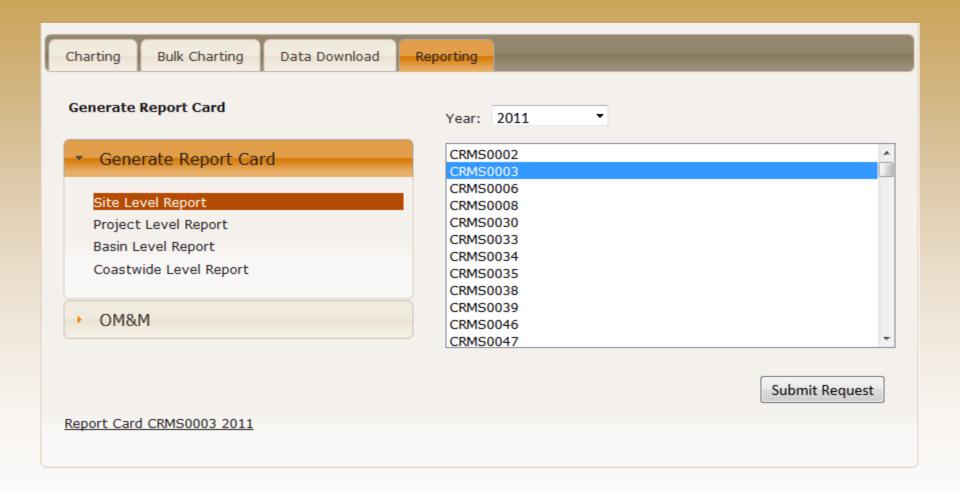








Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Reporting





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Report Cards



About the program

In 1990, the U.S. Congress enacted the Coastal Wellands Planning, Protection and Restoration Act (CNIPPRA) in response to the growing senements of Louislands from their controls. The CNIPPRA was the first feethal, instanting models of program with a stable course of federal funds dedicated exclusively for the other, and long-term nestoration of the coastal velocities of Louisland. To date, the CNIPPRA program has constructed more than 7 first termsform projects. These projects use a variety of methods to restore, prosect, and create coastal wedner habitat including districtions of first-thanks are not definition to improve marks the vegetation, designed material placement for markship careation shoreling protection; sediment and nutrient trapping inflictions for first-thankship controls and coastal placement from markship careation shoreling protection; sediment and nutrient trapping inflictions of first-thankship controls.

Need for a Monitoring System

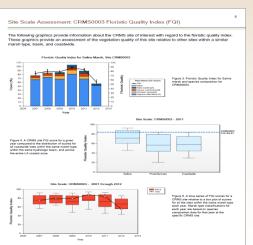
Louisina's coastal protection and restoration efforts, implemented through numerous CMPPRA projects, require monitoring and evaluation of project effectiveness and curulative effects of all projects to achieve a austinable coastal emirrorment. In 2003, the CMPPRA Task force approved the implementation of a Coastavide Reference Monitoring Off-sem (CRMS) as a means to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of CMPPRA projects at three levels: project, region, and coastavide (Swife et al., 2003). The CRMS network is currently funded through CMPPRA and the state of Louisians and provided data for a variety of user groups including resource managers, academics, landowners, and researchers.

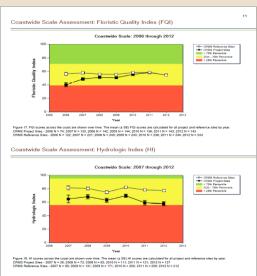


CRMS Approach and Design

The CRMS approach includes a suite of sizes (591) that encompass a range of ecological conditions across the coast. The CRMS is its locations were selected randomly froundpoint the coast zone. Sizes represent the entire range of ecological variability within a degraded coastal landscape. Sizes are located within (project sizes) and outside (reference sizes) of coastal restration projects. Triglectories of changing conditions in reference sizes are compared with trajectories of change within project sizes through time. The CRMS design not only allows for monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of each project but will also upport orange resultation of the cumulative effects of all CMPPPA projects throughout the coastal econference of Locations. More information about the CRMS opposits provided within a LMSG factories (thinking) that the coastal econference of Locations.







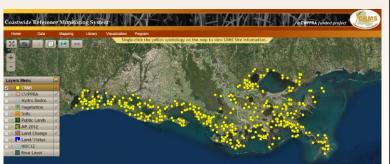
- Dynamic documents
- Program and Index explanations
- Multi-scale assessments site, project, basin, coastwide



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Site Navigation/Mapping Viewer







Data

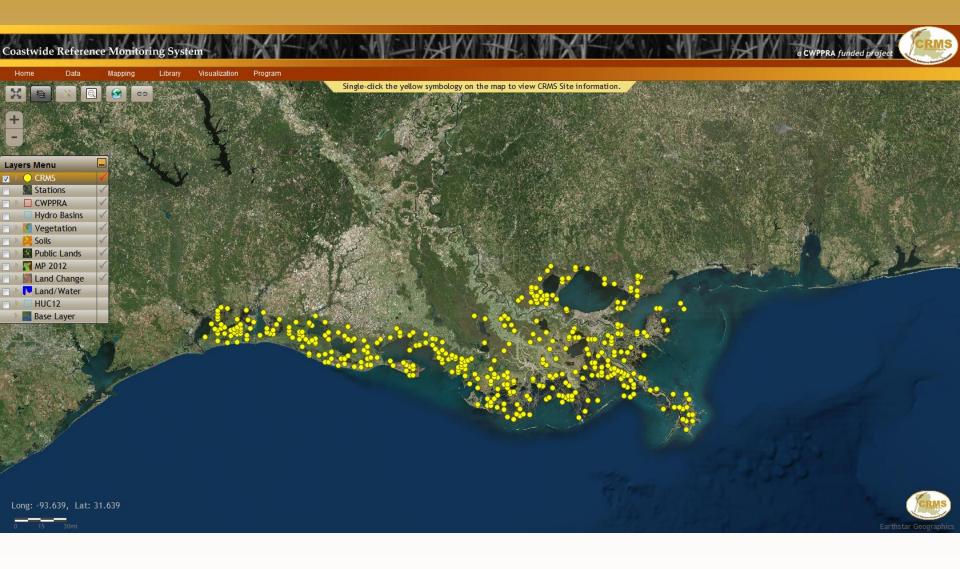


Charting

499	W. FARRY N	WWW BASSO	MIN VA S SUPPL	my sa v a	CARLES OF A	m1 =
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		Bulk Chart		a Download	Reporting	
	→ Hydr					
	Vege					
	Repo					
	Clear Char	ts				
	2.227 0.101					



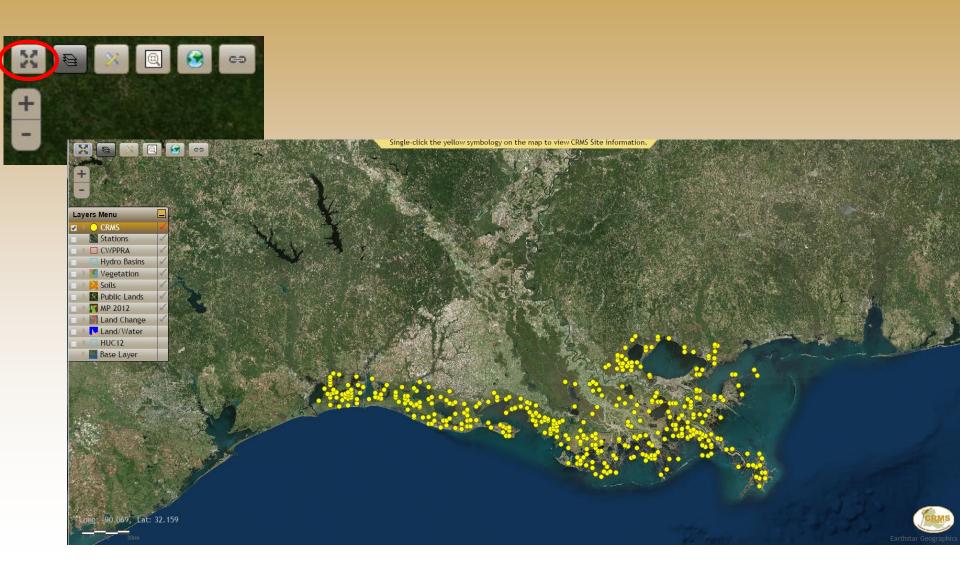
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Mapping Viewer





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Full Screen Button

Hides the CRMS Website banner and menu. Allows for more map viewing space.





Shows and hides the Layers Menu





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – Wetlands Tools Menu Button

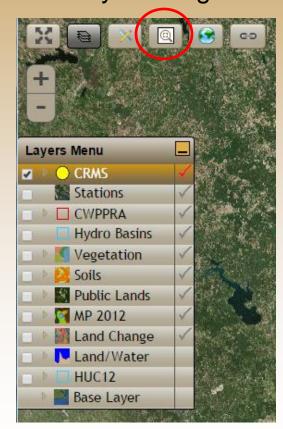
Activate Tools Menu





Zoom:

By rectangle



To Full Extent



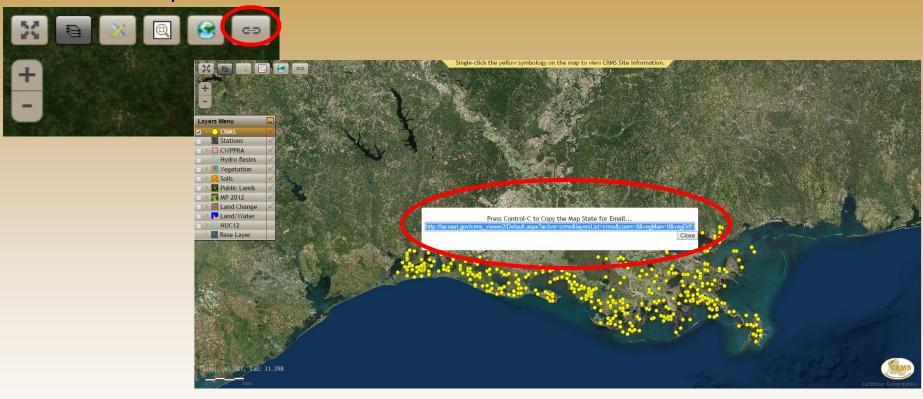
In & out





Used to create a save state on the map.

Link created to save the current state of the map.



Great to email to someone so that you know you are looking at the same information at different computers.



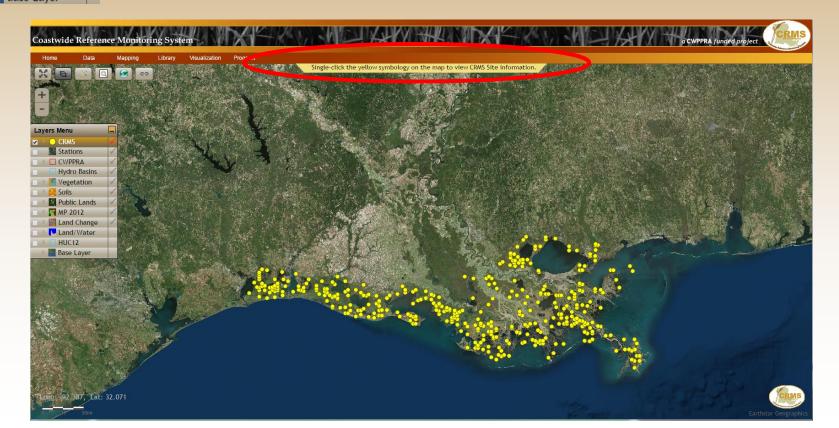
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Activating Layers



You must activate the layer to interact with it on the map!!!!

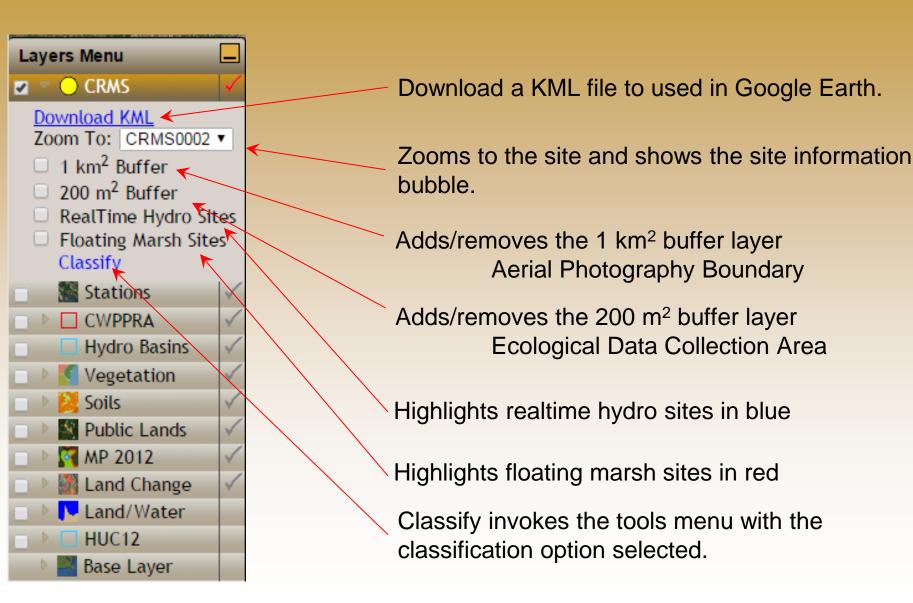
Manila dropdown shows how to interact with the current active layer.

Single-click the yellow symbology on the map to view CRMS Site information.



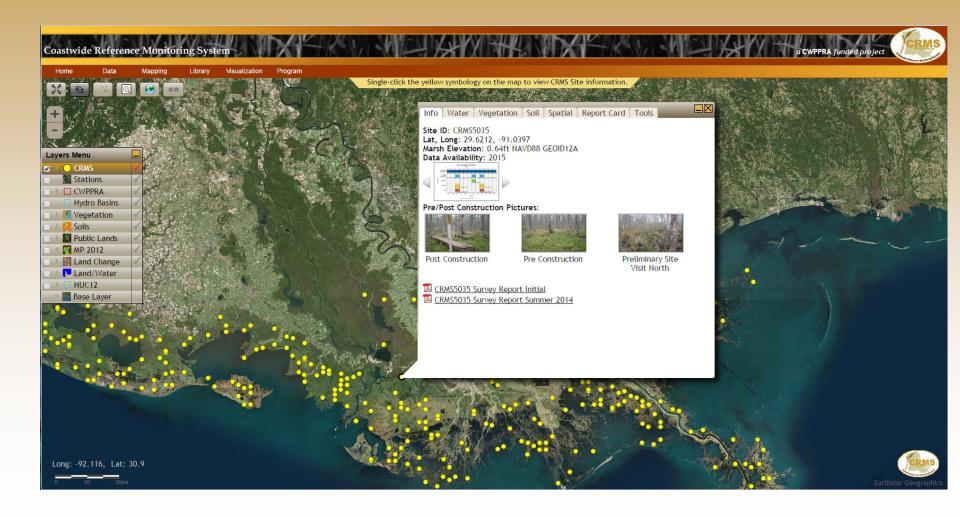


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*CRMS Active Layer Features



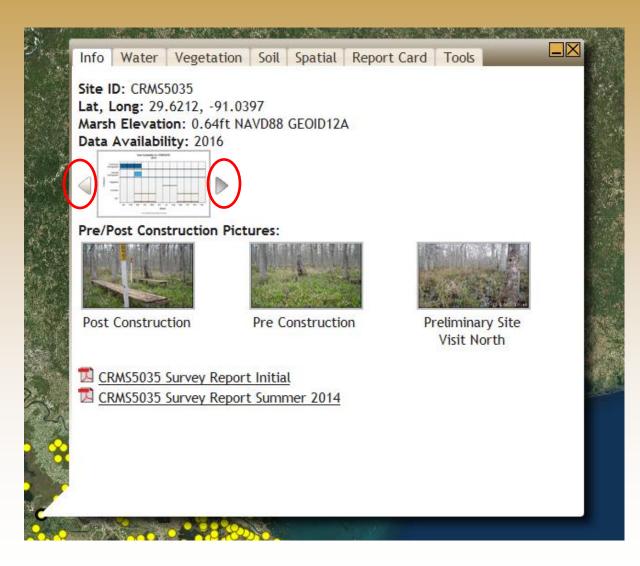


Click a point for site level information bubble





Site Information Bubble

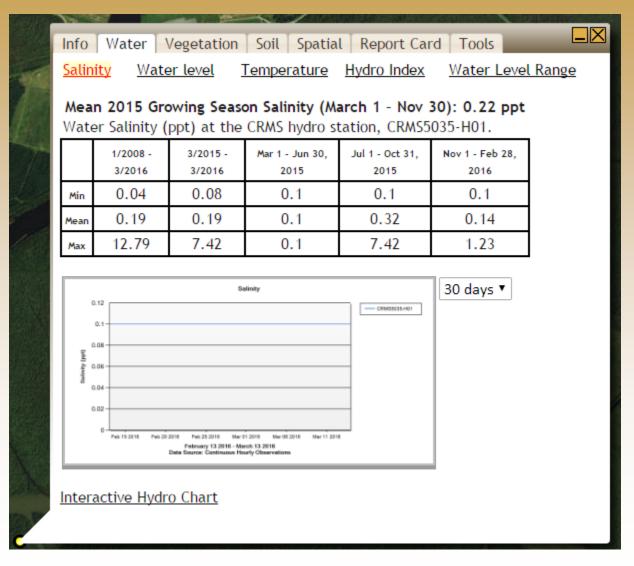


General information about the CRMS site including data availability, site photos, and survey reports.

Arrows allow user to scroll through data availability by year.



Site Information Bubble

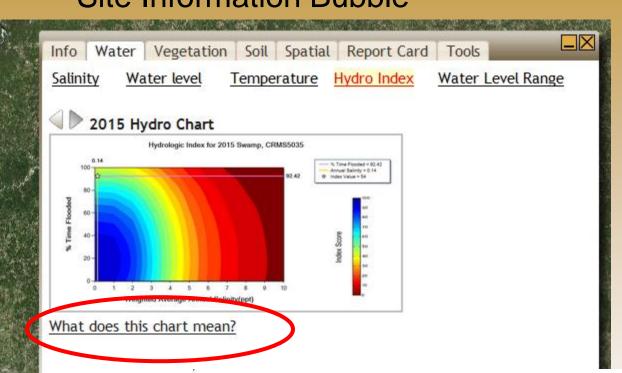


The Water tab contains all hydrologic information for the selected site.

Salinity – Brief overview of salinity data for the site.
Also charts most recent salinity data for the site.



Site Information Bubble



The Water tab contains all hydrologic information for the selected site.

Hydro Index – All Hydro Index charts available for the site.

The Hydrologic Index (HI) jointly assesses the suitability of two critical aspects of wetland hydrology, average salinity and percent time flooded, in maximizing vegetation primary productivity for the 5 different marsh classifications in coastal Louisiana (swamp, fresh, intermediate, brackish, and saline). The index score ranges from 0 - 100, and the score corresponds to the percent of maximum vegetation productivity expected to occur if the separate effects of salinity and inundation on productivity interact in a multiplicative fashion, according to the following formula:

 $HI = fld \times sal$

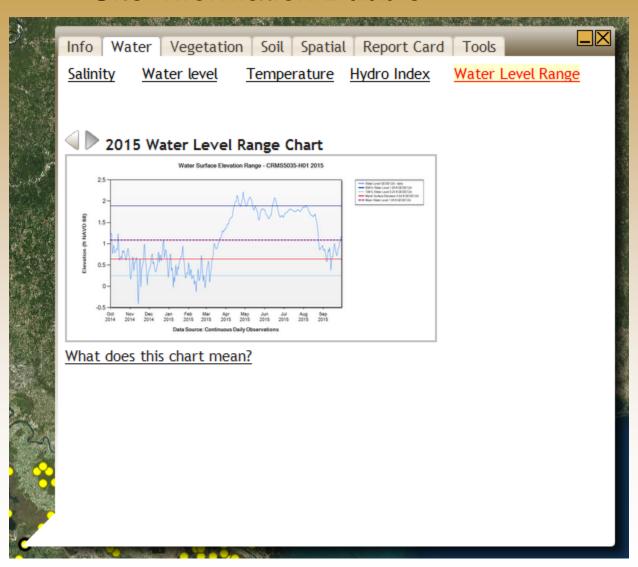
where fld is the percent maximum productivity attributable to percent time flooded, and sal is the percent maximum productivity attributable to the average annual salinity. Relationships describing how percent maximum productivity varies with salinity and percent time flooded were taken from the Habitat Switching Module of the LCA ecosystem restoration study (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 2004).

The HI is calculated for a given water year, which begins October 1 and ends the following September 30.



MOVE CLOSE

Site Information Bubble

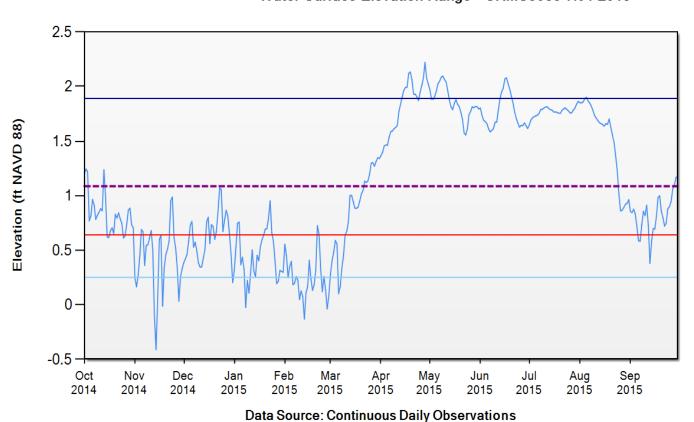


The Water tab contains all hydrologic information for the selected site.

Water Level Range – All water level range charts available for the current site.

Site Information Bubble

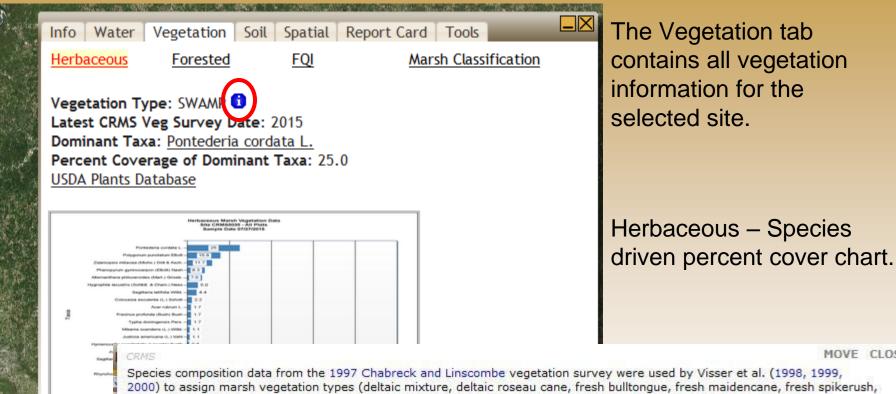
Water Surface Elevation Range - CRMS5035-H01 2015



Water Level GEOID12A - daily 90th% Water Level 1.89 ft GEOID12A 10th% Water Level 0.25 ft GEOID12A Marsh Surface Elevation 0.64 ft GEOID12A Mean Water Level 1.09 ft GEOID12A



Site Information Bubble



MOVE CLOSE

Species composition data from the 1997 Chabreck and Linscombe vegetation survey were used by Visser et al. (1998, 1999, 2000) to assign marsh vegetation types (deltaic mixture, deltaic roseau cane, fresh bulltongue, fresh maidencane, fresh spikerush, mesohaline mixture, mesohaline wiregrass, oligohaline bulltongue, oligohaline mixture, oligohaline spikerush, oligohaline wiregrass, polyhaline oystergrass) to CRMS sites. Sites within forested wetlands were assigned as swamp based on swamp classifications from the 1998 Louisiana GAP analysis project.

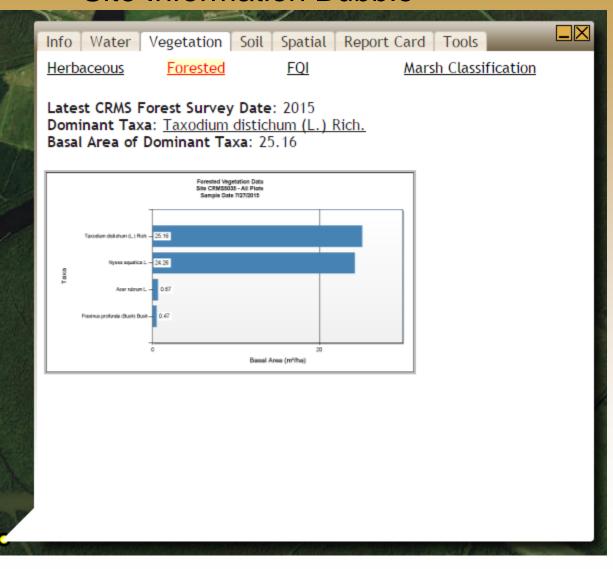
Chabreck, R.H. and Linscombe G. 1997. Vegetation type map of the Louisiana coastal marshes. Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Louisiana Gap Analysis Project, 1998, Land Cover Classification for the Louisiana GAP Analysis Project, U.S. Geological Survey, Biological Research Division, National Wetlands Research Center, Lafayette, Louisiana. http://sabdata.cr.usqs.gov/sabnet_pub /pub_sab_app.aspx?prodid=780

Visser, J.M., Sasser, C.E., Chabreck, R.H., Linscombe, R.G. 1998. Marsh vegetation types of the Mississippi River deltaic plain. Estuaries 21: 818-828.



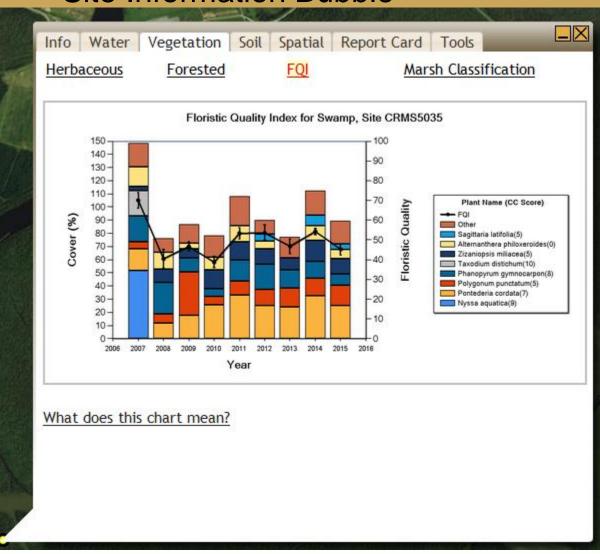
Site Information Bubble



The Vegetation tab contains all vegetation information for the selected site.

Forested – Species driven basal area chart.

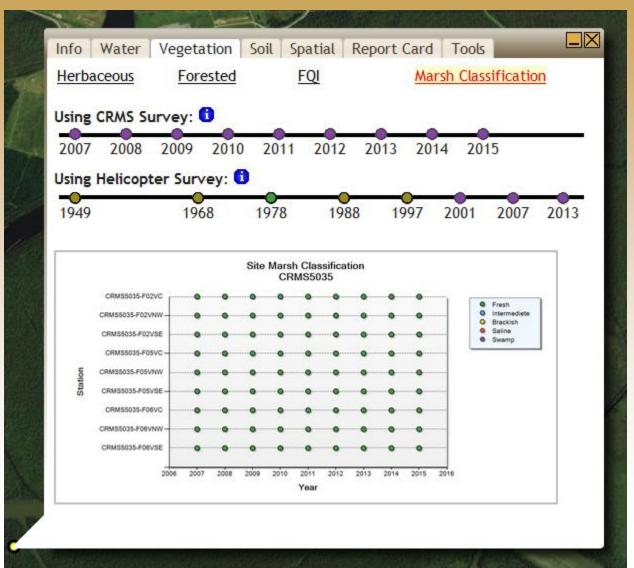
Site Information Bubble



The Vegetation tab contains all vegetation information for the selected site.

Floristic Quality Index (FQI) chart showing vegetative species composition and FQI score annually.

Site Information Bubble



The Vegetation tab contains all vegetation information for the selected site.

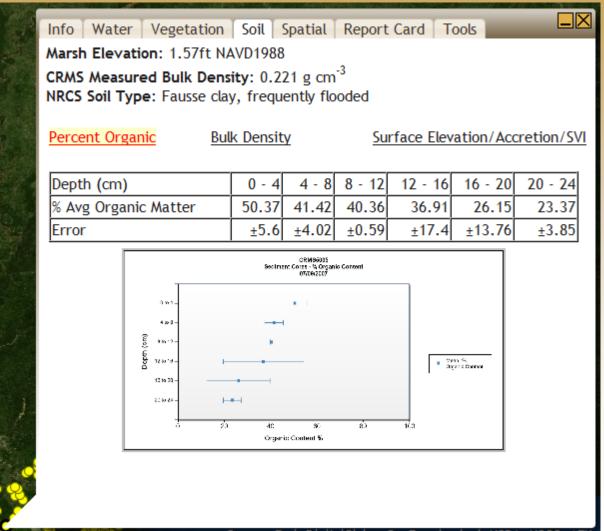
Marsh Classification – The chart displays marsh class by site over time.

Top bar is marsh class at the site level using annual on-the-ground vegetation survey data.

Bottom bar is marsh class at the site level using the helicopter survey data.



Site Information Bubble



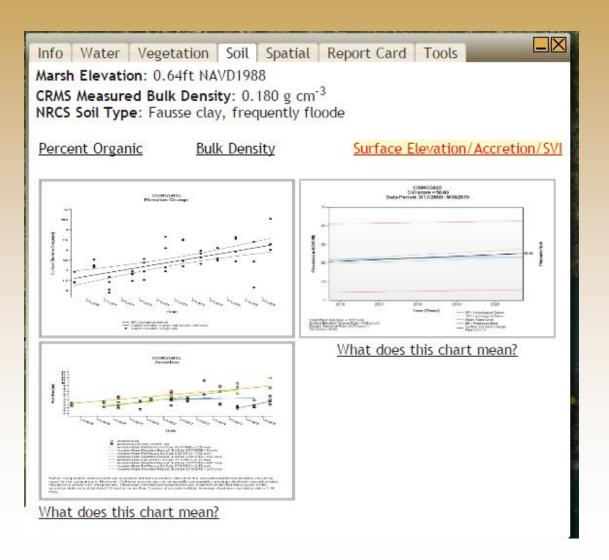
The Soil tab contains all soil information for the selected site.

Percent Organic – Soil profiles taken at site establishment.





Site Information Bubble



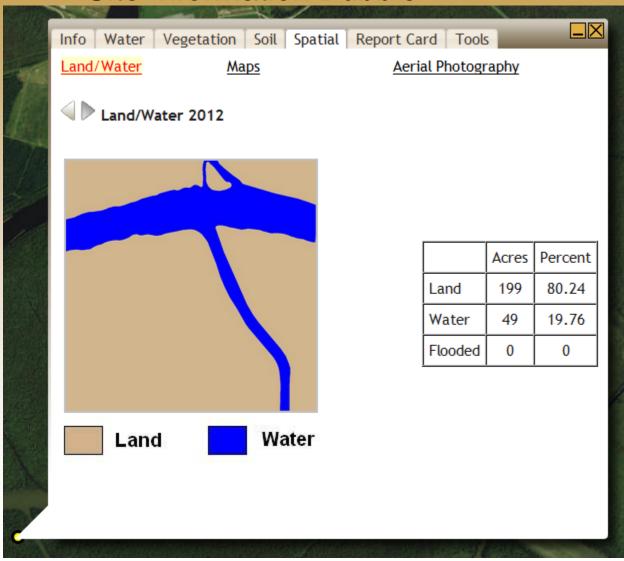
The Soil tab contains all soil information for the selected site.

Surface
Elevation/Accretion –
currently displays site
level elevation change and
accretion and gives rates
for shallow subsidence.





Site Information Bubble

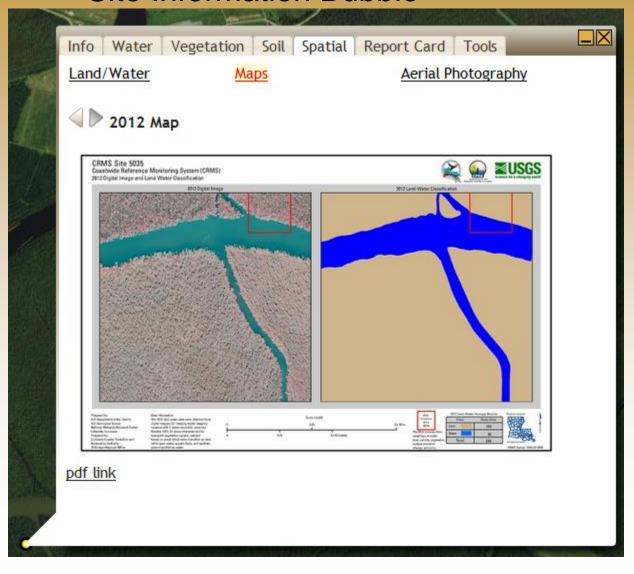


The Spatial tab contains all spatial information for the selected site.

Land/Water with acreage breakdowns



Site Information Bubble

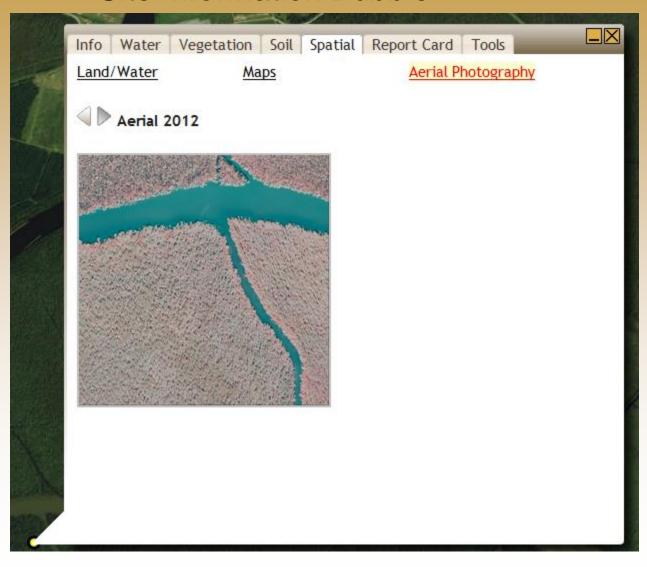


The Spatial tab contains all spatial information for the selected site.

CRMS site land/water maps at the 1km² scale.



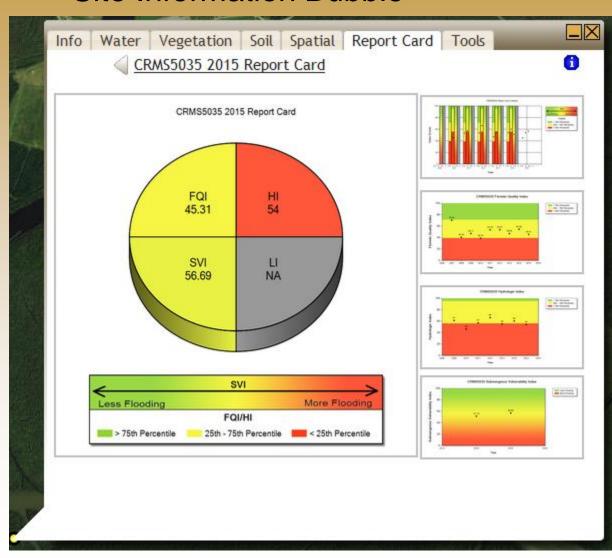
Site Information Bubble



The Spatial tab contains all spatial information for the selected site.

Aerial Photography

Site Information Bubble



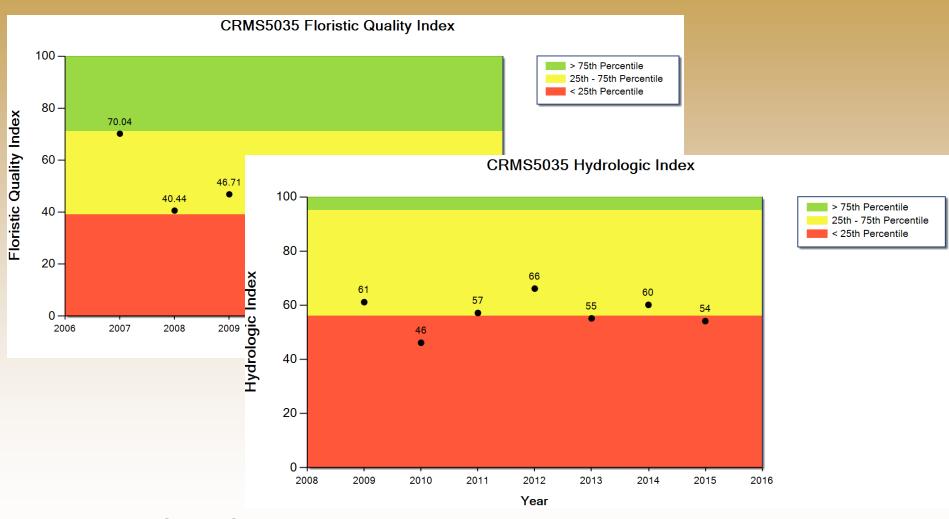
The Report Card tab contains all report card information for the selected site.

Report Card- Generate site report cards for previous years in the bubble or look at summary graphics.

Click on thumbnails to expand graphics.

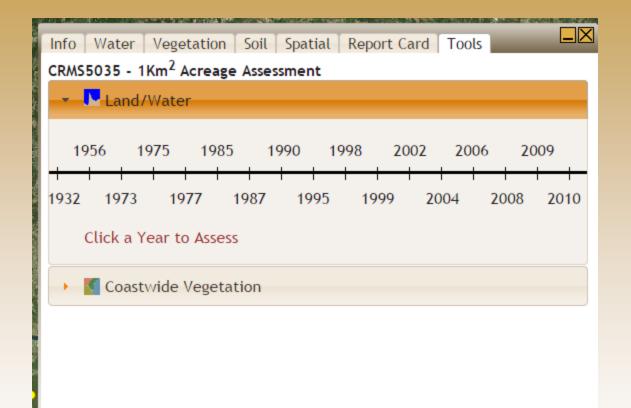


Site Information Bubble



Report Card Summary Graphics- Allow you to visualize individual index scores through time for a particular site.

Site Information Bubble

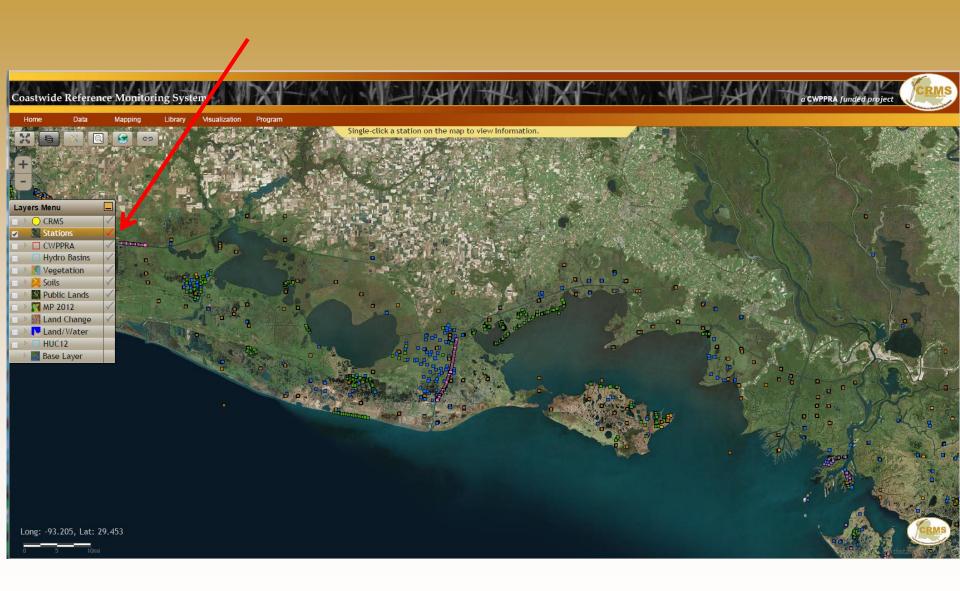


The Tools tab lets you do an Acreage Assessment on the selected site.

Acreage Assessment – Use the acreage assessment tool to determine acreage breakdowns of the available coastwide vegetation surveys or land/water data.

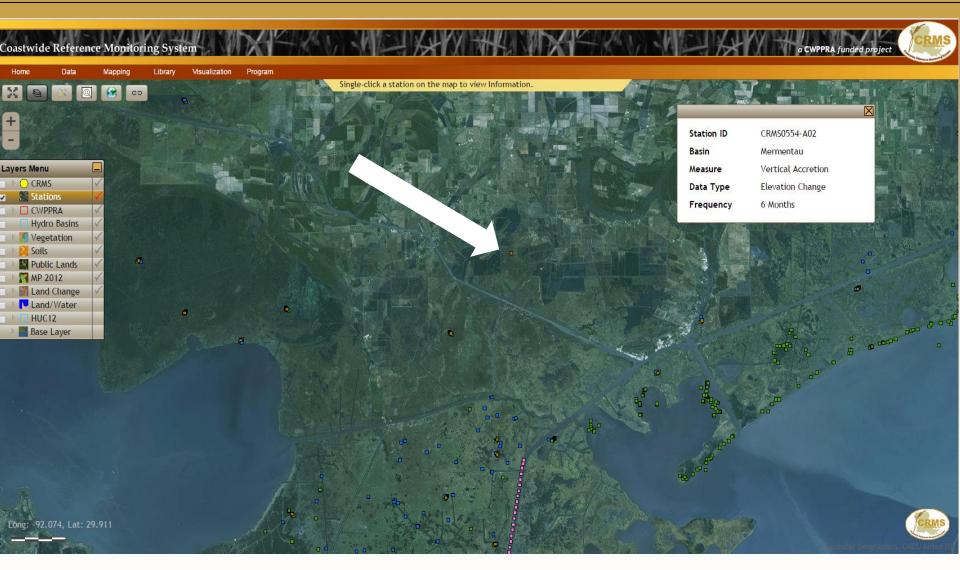


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – Wetlands Stations Layer



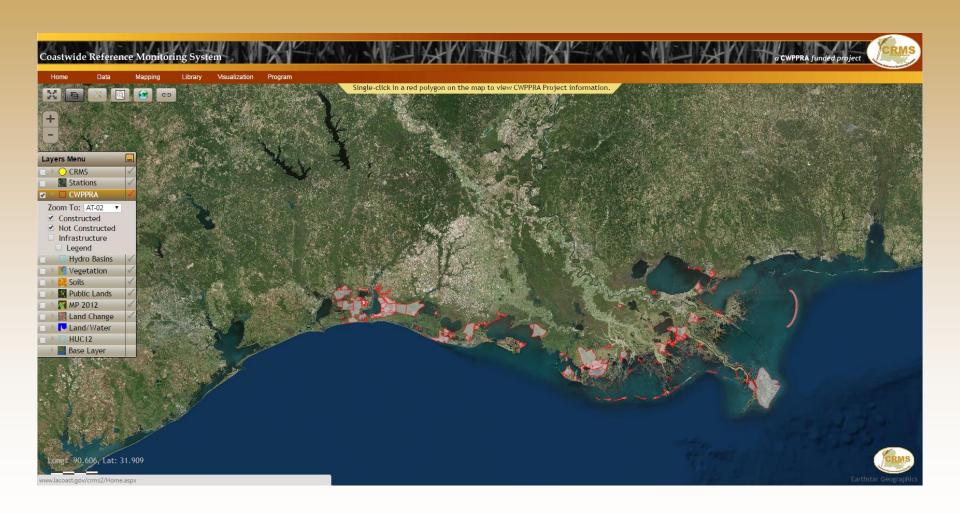


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands Stations Layer*

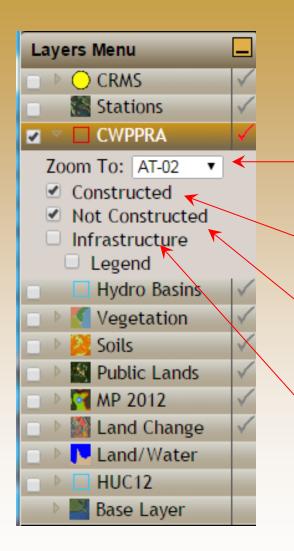


Points on the map display a brief description of the station's information









Zoom to function zooms to the project and shows the information bubble for it.

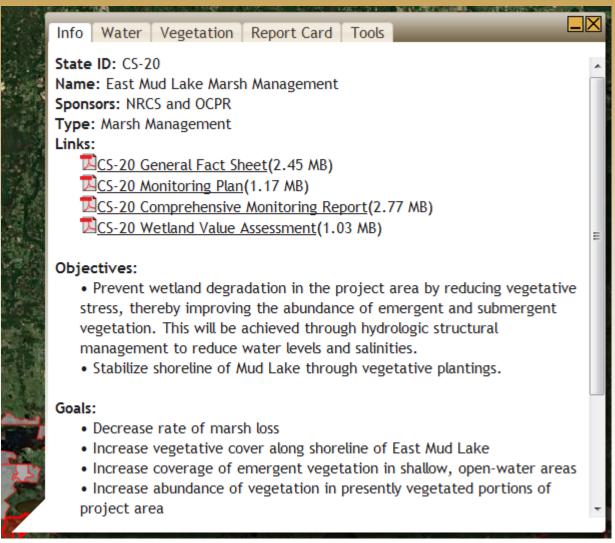
Adds/removes the Constructed projects layer to the map.

Adds/removes the "planning" projects layer to the map.

Adds/removes the Project Infrastructure layer to the map and shows the legend



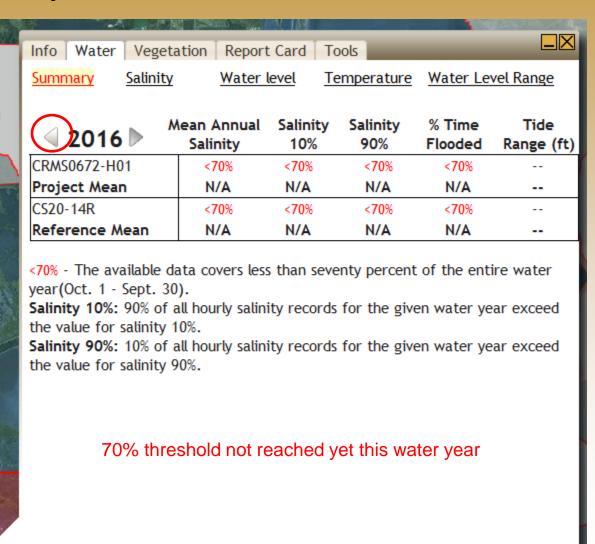
Project Information Bubble



The information bubble appears when a CWPPRA project is clicked. The Project Info tab is automatically chosen when the bubble pops up on the screen.



Project Information Bubble



The Water tab contains all hydrologic information for the selected project.

Summary – Gives a brief overview of the hydro data available for the project.



Project Information Bubble

Info Water Vegetation Report Card Tools					
Salinity Salinity	Water I	evel <u>Temperature</u>		Water Level Range	
_	lean Annual Salinity	Salinity 10%	Salinity 90%	% Time Flooded	Tide Range (ft)
CS20-106	<70%	<70%	<70%	<70%	
CRMS0672-H01	13.1	7.8	18.5	62.7	
Project Mean	13.1	7.8	18.5	62.7	
CS20-14R	17.1	10.5	22.7	42.1	
CS20-15R	<70%	<70%	<70%	<70%	
Reference Mean	17.1	10.5	22.7	42.1	

Summary – Gives a brief

overview of the hydro data

available for the project.

The Water tab contains all

hydrologic information for

the selected project.

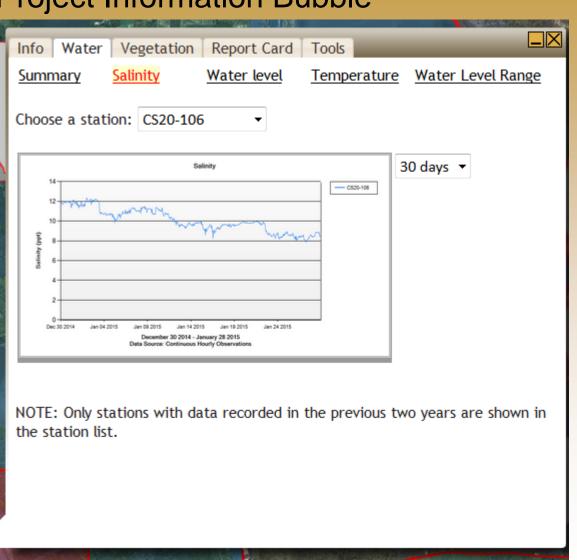
<70% - The available data covers less than seventy percent of the entire water year (Oct. 1 - Sept. 30).

Salinity 10%: 90% of all hourly salinity records for the given water year exceed the value for salinity 10%.

Salinity 90%: 10% of all hourly salinity records for the given water year exceed the value for salinity 90%.



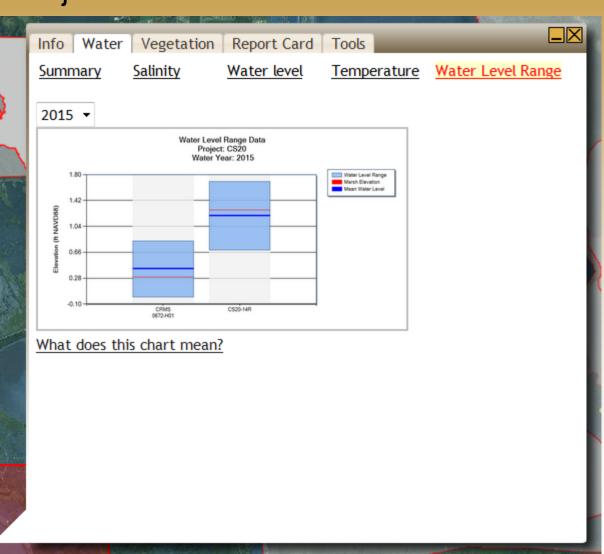
Project Information Bubble



The Water tab contains all hydrologic information for the selected project.

Salinity – Charts most recent data for hydro stations located within the project.

Project Information Bubble

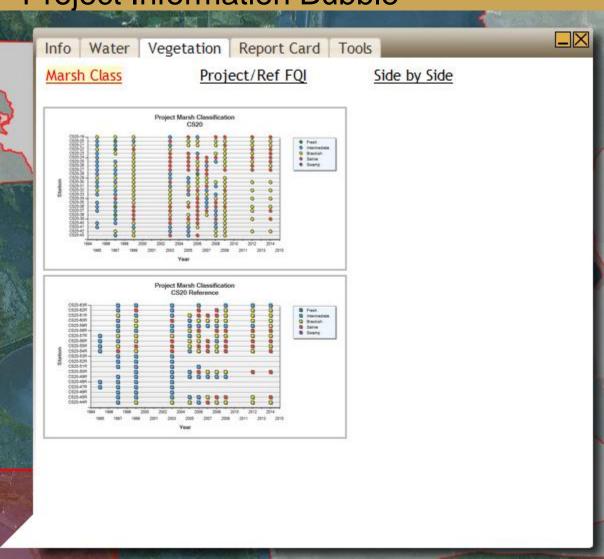


The Water tab contains all hydrologic information for the selected project.

Water Level Range –
Charts water level range
data for hydro stations
located within the project.



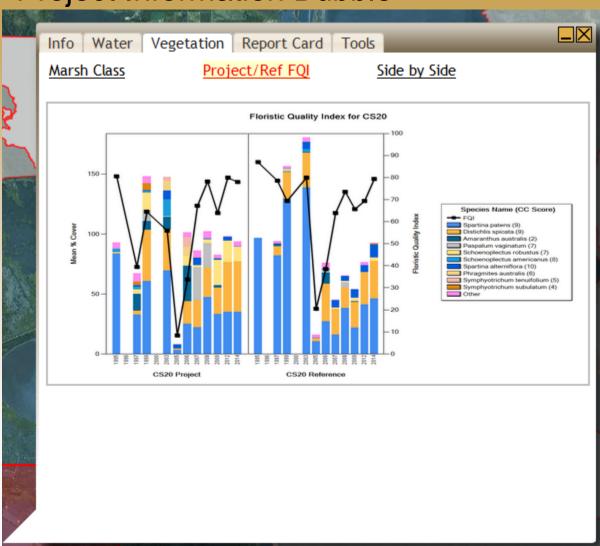
Project Information Bubble



The Vegetation tab contains all vegetation information for the selected project.

Marsh classification at project and reference stations over multiple years.

Project Information Bubble



The Vegetation tab contains all vegetation information for the selected project.

Project/Ref FQI – Project Scale Floristic Quality Index Chart.



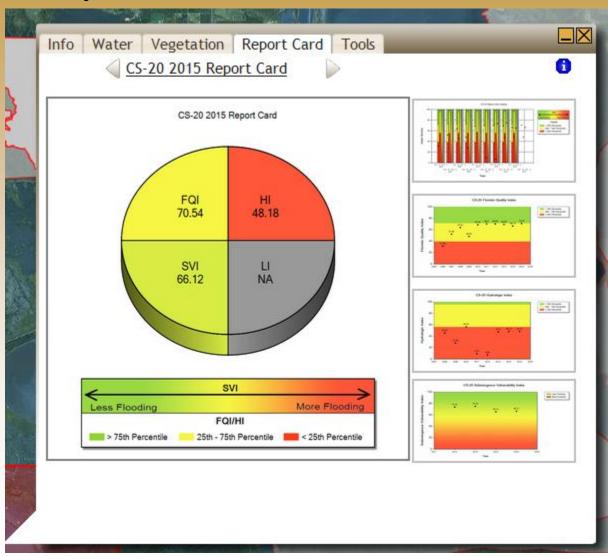
Project Information Bubble



The Vegetation tab contains all vegetation information for the selected project.

Side by Side – Side by side comparison of Marsh Class using the raster image created from helicopter surveys.

Project Information Bubble



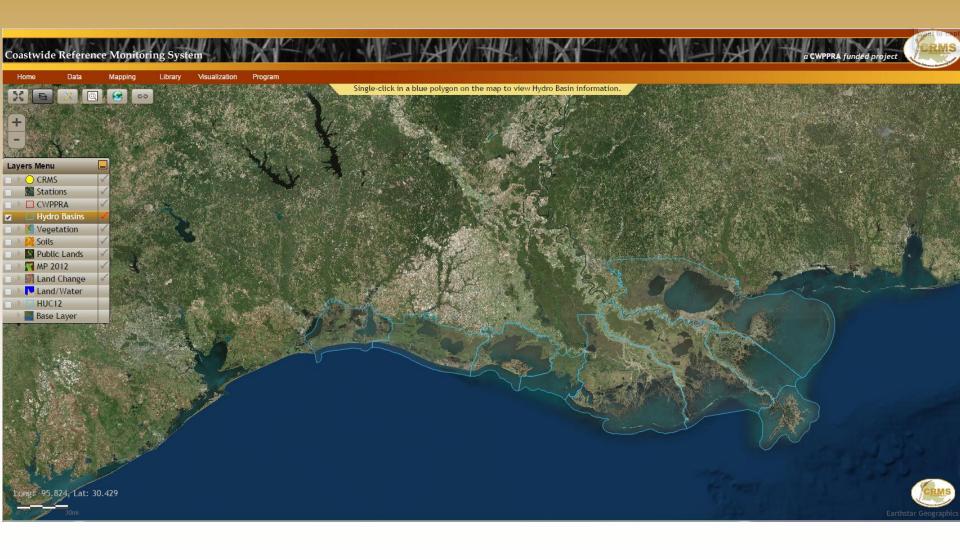
The Report Card tab contains all report card information for the selected project.

Report Card-Summary of project scale information compiled into a report card.



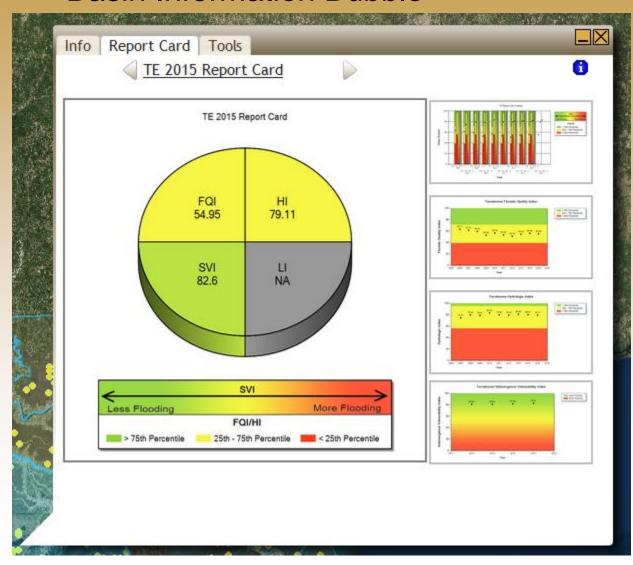
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Hydrologic Basin Layer**

Hydrologic basins as defined by CWPPRA



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Hydrologic Basin Layer

Basin Information Bubble

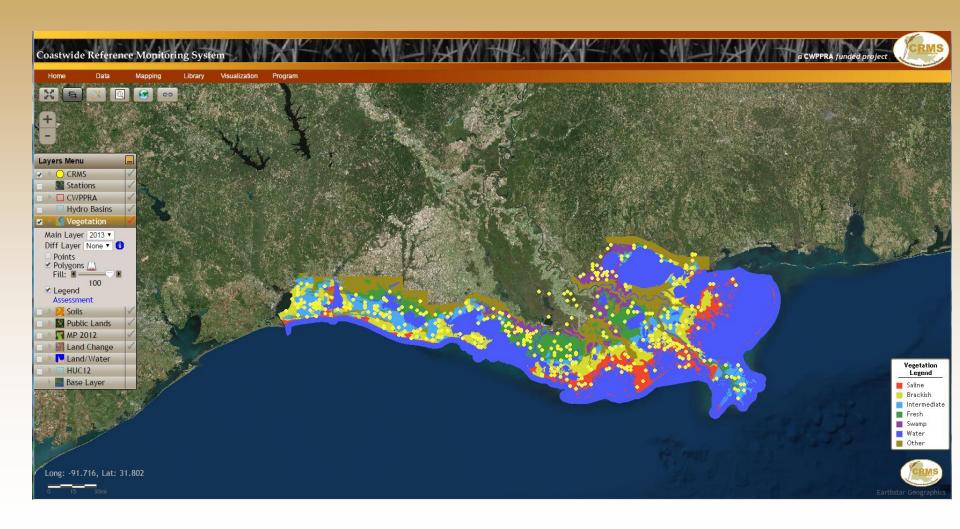


The Report Card tab contains all report card information for the selected basin.

Report Card – Summary of basin scale information compiled into a report card.

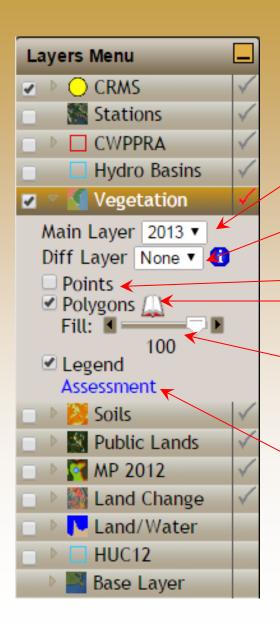


Vegetation classification based on helicopter surveys, O'Neil 1949 through Sasser et al. 2013, 8 surveys





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Vegetation Layer



Main Year selects the primary polygon layer on the map.

Diff Year selects the secondary polygon layer on the map.

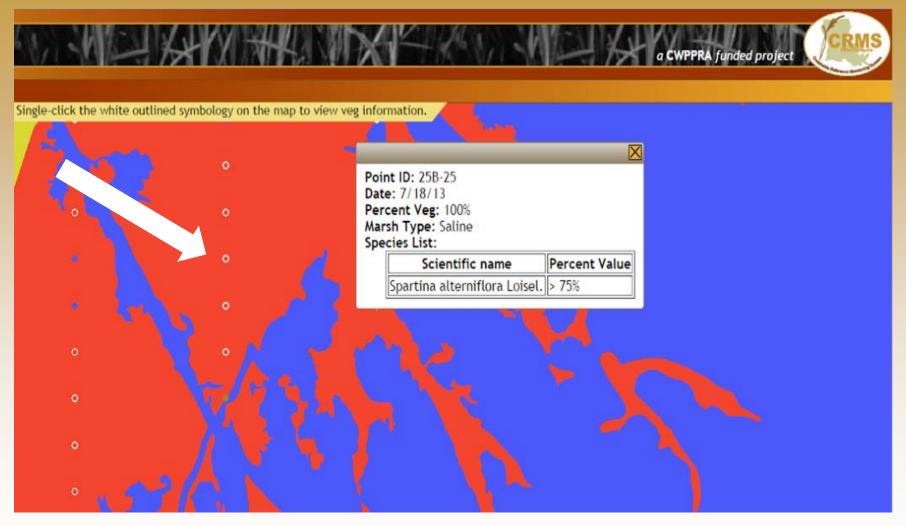
Adds/removes the vegetation data points.

Adds/removes the vegetation polygons layer.

The slider changes the transparency of the layer.

Assessment link invokes the acreage assessment tool menu for the currently selected year.

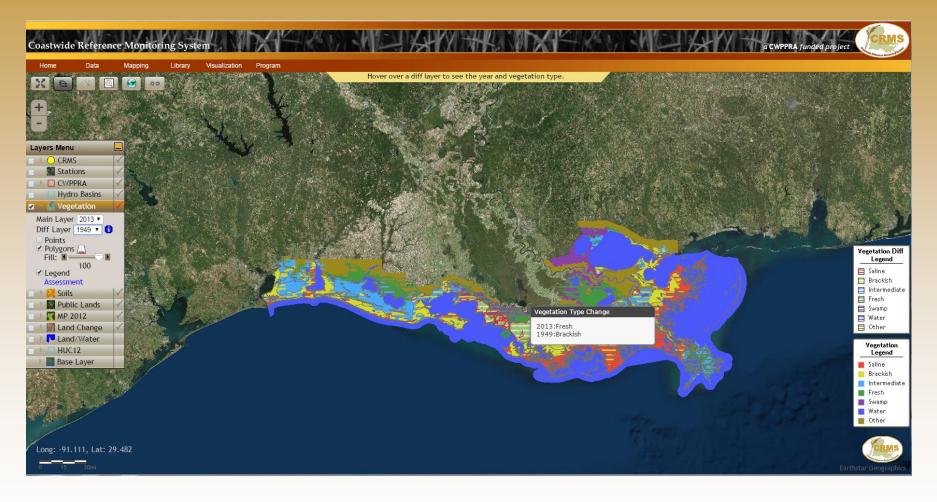




Points display the site specific vegetation data when clicked.



Vegetation Difference Layer Functionality

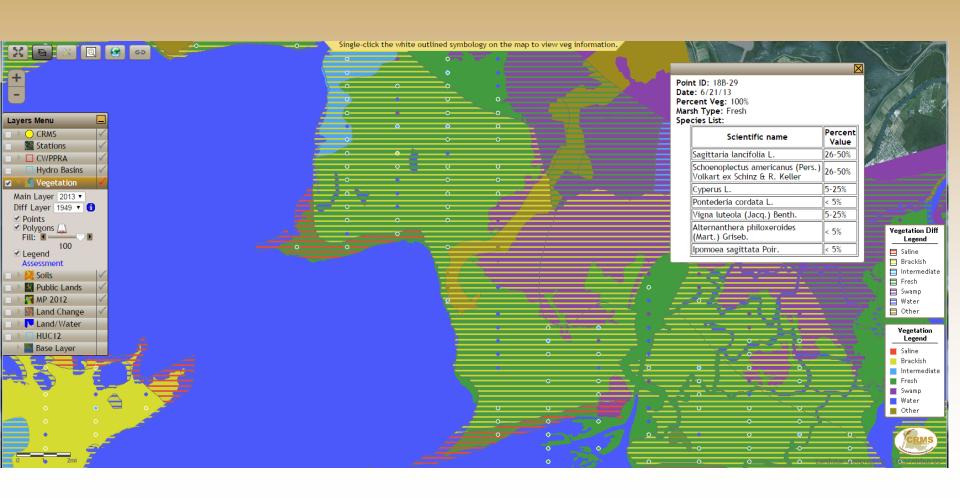


The "Vegetation Change" is shown when two different years are chosen for the Main Layer and Diff Layer.



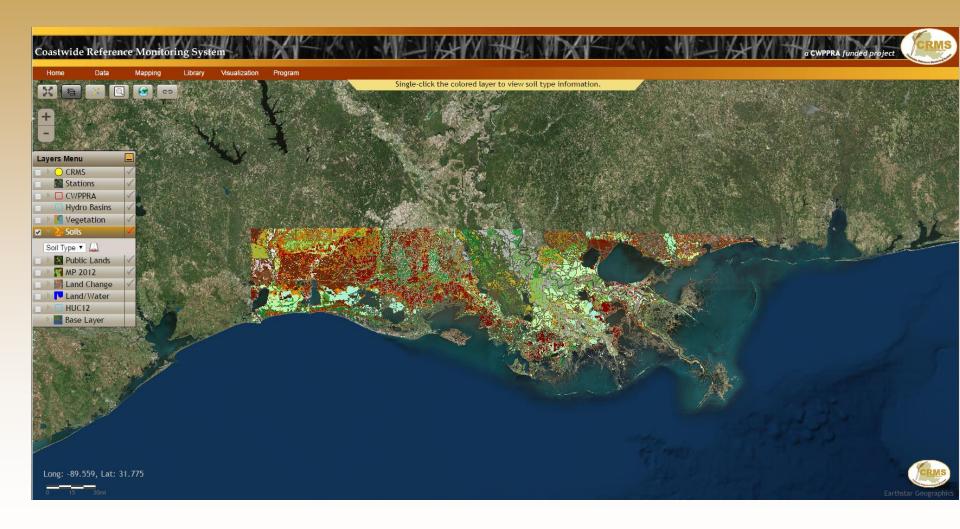
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Vegetation Layer

Vegetation Difference Layer Functionality

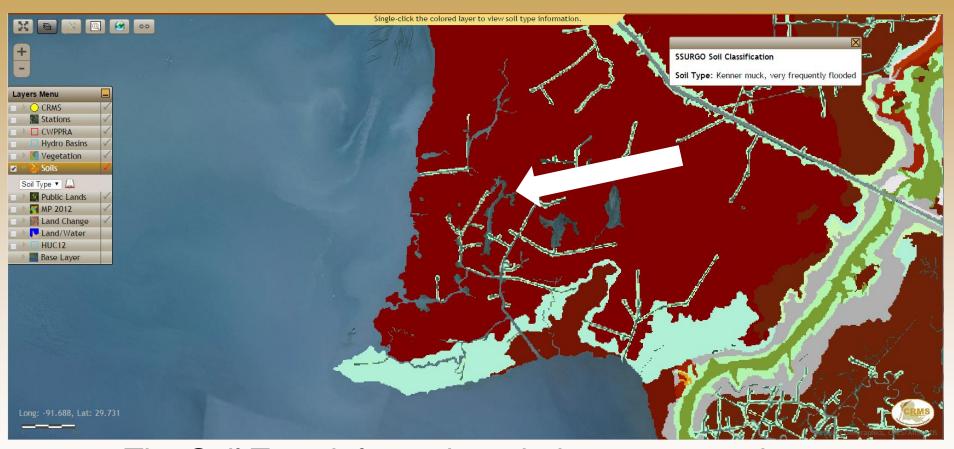




NRCS SSURGO data displayed



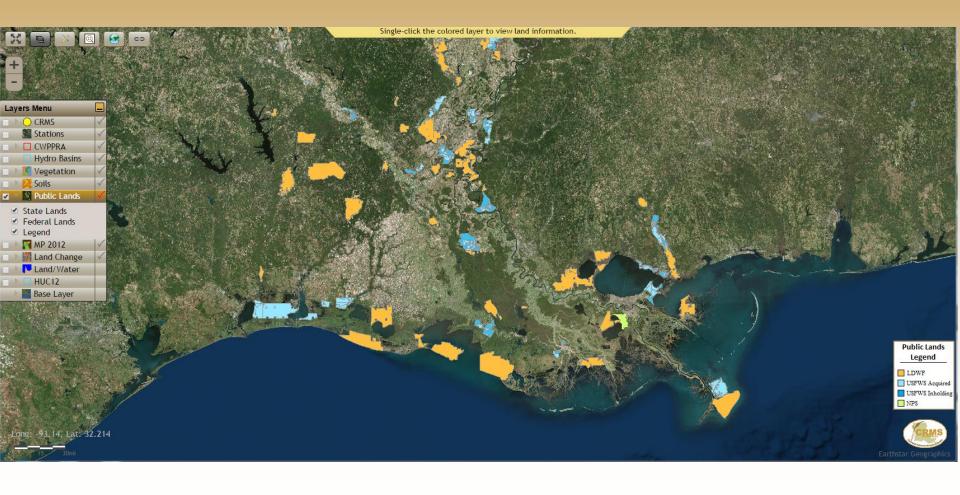




The Soil Type information window pops up when a soil area is clicked.



Displays Federal (USFWS and NPS) and State (LDWF) land holdings.





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Public Lands Layer



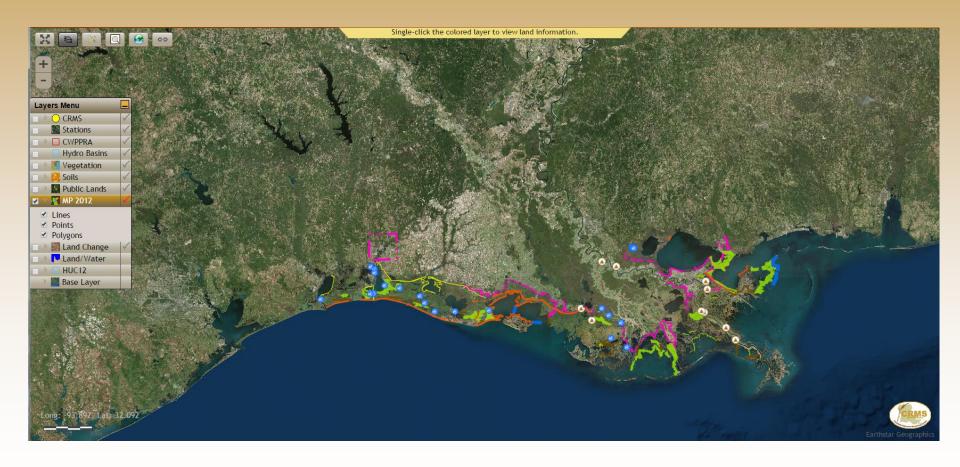
The Public Lands information window pops up when a Public Lands polygon is clicked.



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Louisiana's Comprehensive Master Plan 2012 Layer**

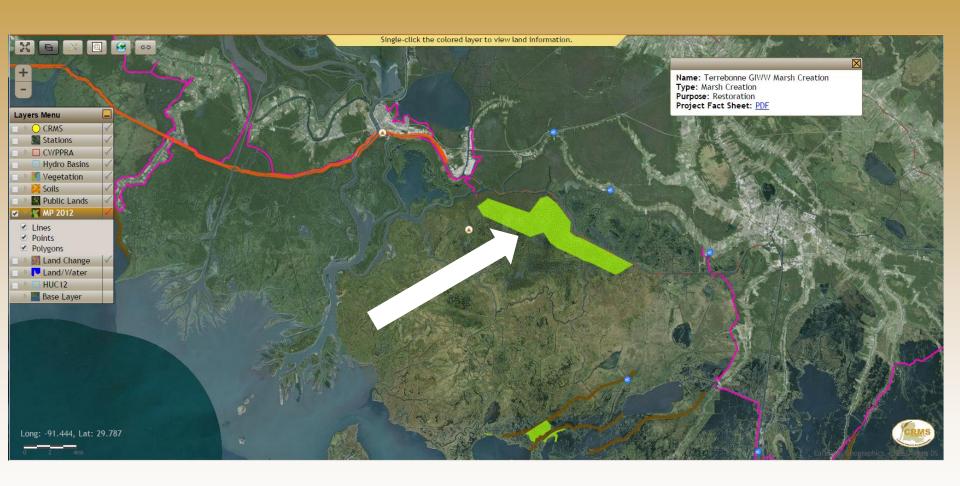
Master Plan project types and general project areas.

Additional visualizations of this information available through CIMS.





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands* **Louisiana's Comprehensive Master Plan 2012 Layer**



The Master Plan information window providing project information pops up when a symbology is clicked.



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Land Area Change 1932 to 2010

No Change

1932-1956 Loss

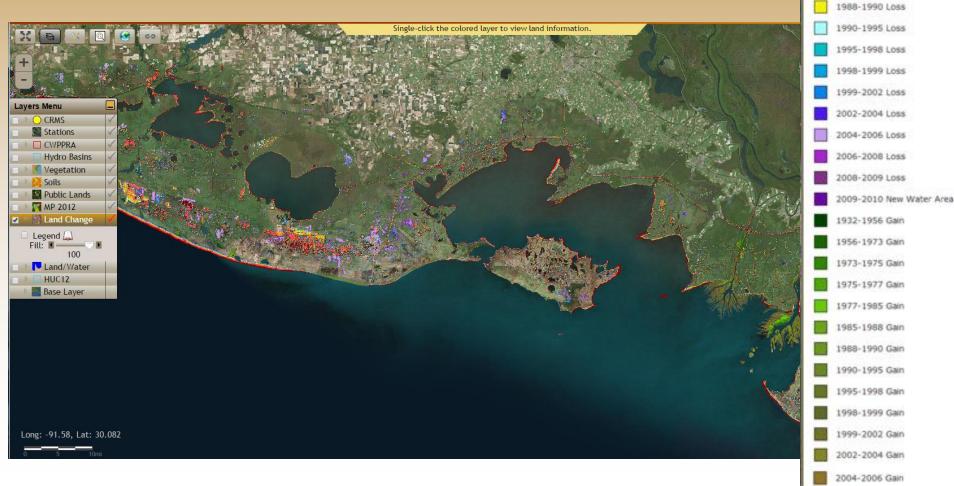
1956-1973 Loss 1973-1975 Loss 1975-1977 Loss

1977-1985 Loss

1985-1988 Loss

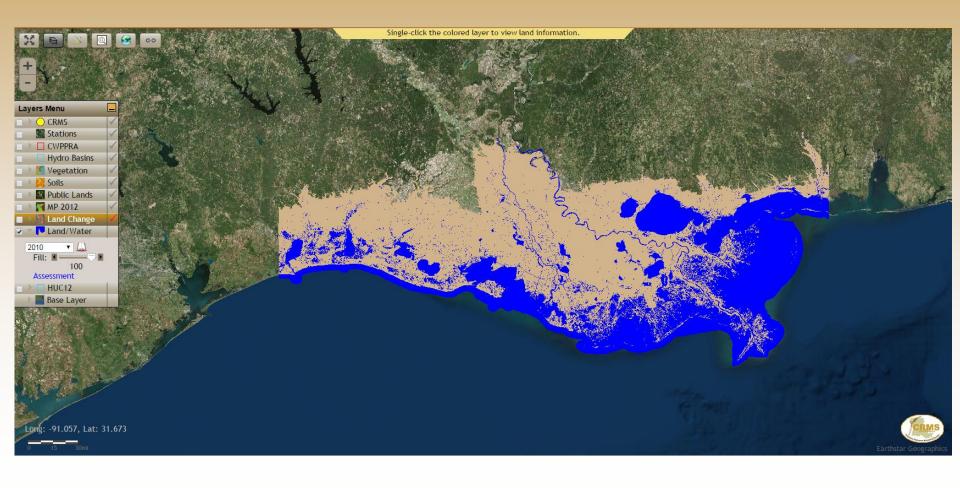
Couvillion et al., 2011. Land Area Change in Coastal Louisiana from 1932 to 2010.

Displays land change (both loss and gain) broken down by time intervals.



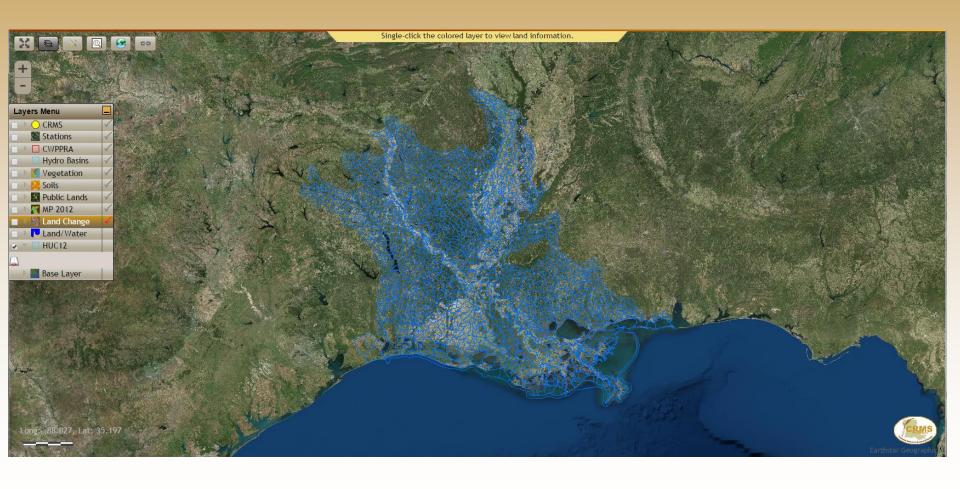


Land/Water classifications from 1932 to 2010 18 classification dates based on satellite imagery, 30m resolution.



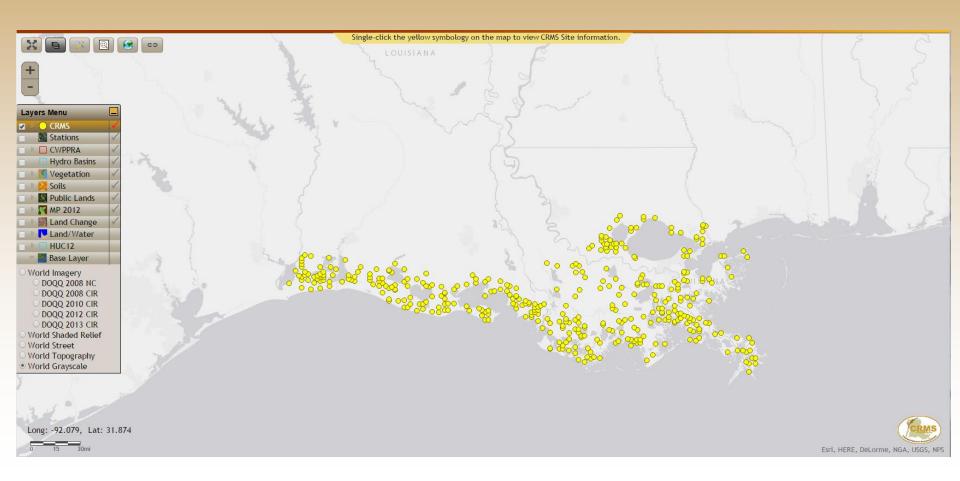


NRCS's Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) Boundaries—12 digit subwatershed classification



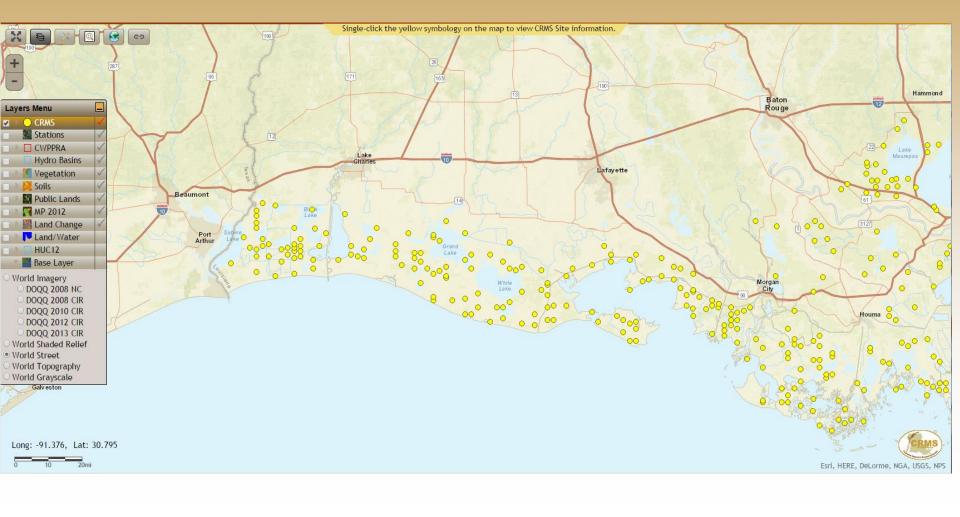


Ability to visualize the base map layer as different years of aerial photography or world imagery.



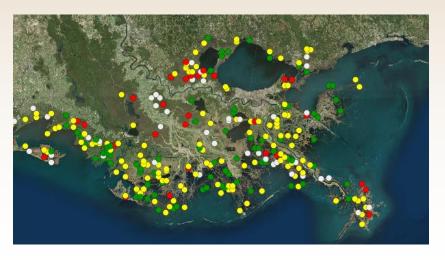
Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*Optional Base Layers

Streets Base Layer









Classify Tool- allows all CRMS sites to be visualized based on user-selected parameters.

A Type, Attribute, and Year must be chosen to Classify the CRMS sites.

Vegetation

- FQI
- Marsh Classification

Hydro

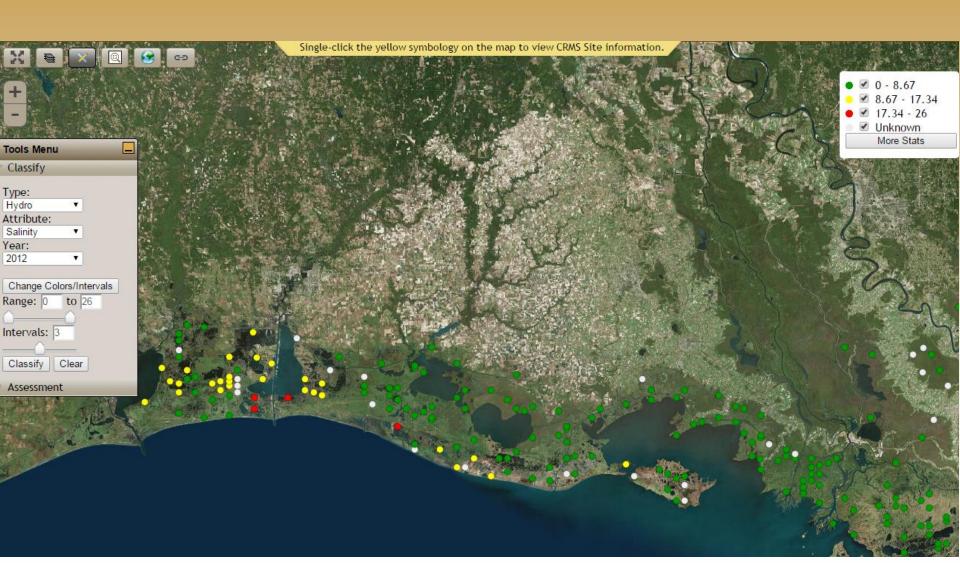
- Hydro Index
- Salinity
- Water Level

Soil

- Cumulative Elevation Change (CEC)
- Submergence Vulnerability Index (SVI)

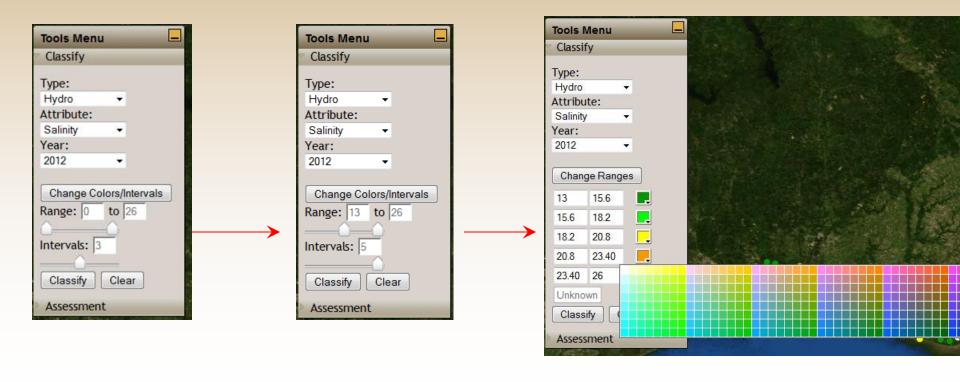


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*CRMS Classify Tool



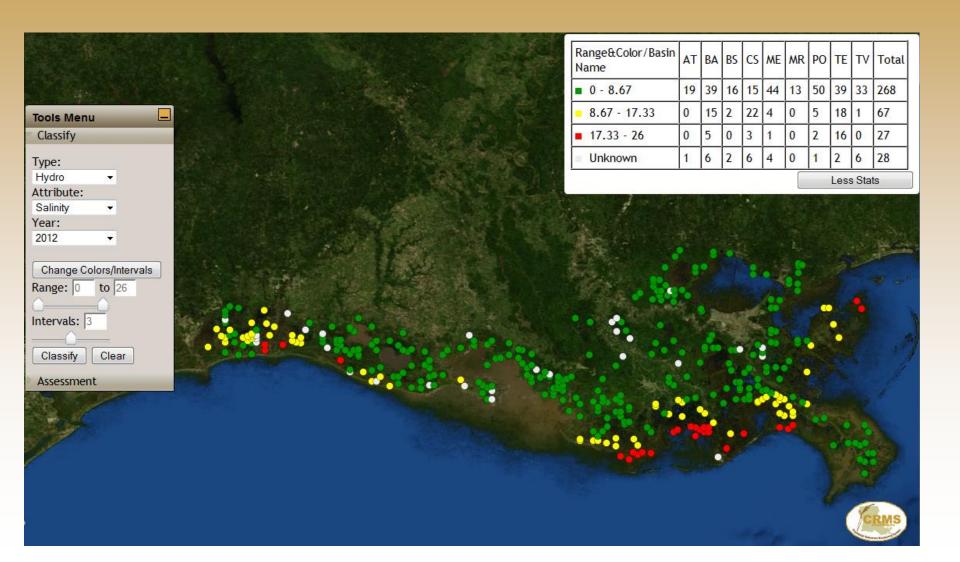


User defines classification intervals and color ramp. For each CRMS index the defaults are red, yellow, green (as in the report card).





The tool will tally the classification categories by hydrologic basin.





Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*CRMS Acreage Assessment Tool



Acreage Assessment Tool provides area estimates of a chosen layer given a defined polygon.

Layers:

Coastwide Vegetation Land/Water

Area:

CWPPRA Projects
Hydro basins
CRMS Sites (1km buffer)

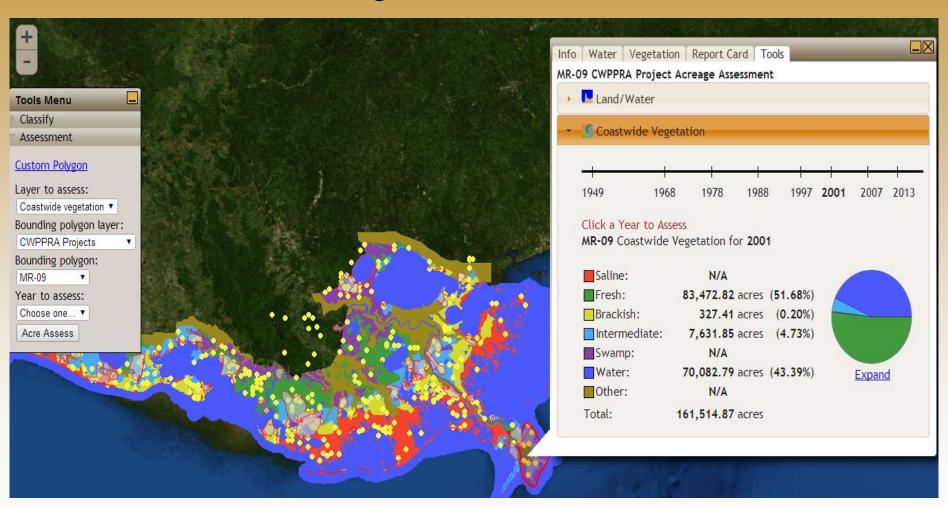
Years:

Varies based on layer dataset



Coastwide Reference Monitoring System – *Wetlands*CRMS Acreage Assessment Tool

Acreage Assessment Tool





Questions?

http://www.lacoast.gov/crms

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